The Bedford Gazette.

BY MEYERS & MENGEL. BEDFORD, PA., FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 1, 1866. VOL. 61.—WHOLE No. 5,350.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.

THE BEDFORD GAZETTE is published every Friday morning by MEYERS & MENGEL, at $2 00 per annum, *if paid strictly in advance*; $2.50 if paid within six months; $3.00 if not paid within six months. *All subscription accounts MUST be settled annually.* No paper will be sent out of the State unless paid for IN ADVANCE, and all such subscriptions will invariably be discontinued at the expiration of the time for which they are paid.

All ADVERTISEMENTS for a less term than three months TEN CENTS per line for each insertion. Special notices one-half additional All resolutions of Associations; communications of limited or individual interest, and notices of marriages and deaths exceeding five lines, *ten cents* per line. Editorial notices fifteen cents per line.

All legal Notices of every kind, and Orphans' Court and Judicial Sales, are required by law to be published in both papers published in this place.

☞ All advertising due after first insertion.

A liberal discount is made to persons advertising by the quarter, half year, or year, as follows:

	3 months.	6 months.	1 year.
*One square - - -	$4 50	$6 00	$10 00
Two squares - - -	6 00	9 00	16 00
Three squares - - -	8 00	12 00	20 00
Quarter column - - -	14 00	20 00	35 00
Half column - - -	18 00	25 00	45 00
One column - - - -	30 00	45 00	80 00

*One square to occupy one inch of space.

JOB PRINTING, of every kind, done with neatness and dispatch. THE GAZETTE OFFICE has just been refitted with a Power Press and new type, and everything in the Printing line can be executed in the most artistic manner and at the lowest rates.—TERMS CASH.

☞ All letters should be addressed to

MEYERS & MENGEL,
Publishers.

Attorneys at Law.

JOSEPH W. TATE, ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA., will promptly attend to collections of bounty, back pay, &c., and all business entrusted to his care in Bedford and adjoining counties.

Cash advanced on judgments, notes, military and other claims.

Has for sale Town lots in Tatesville, where a good Church is erected, and where a large School House shall be built. Farms, Land and Timber Leave, from one acre to 500 acres to suit purchasers.

Office nearly opposite the "Mengel Hotel" and Bank of Reed & Schell.

April 6, 1866—1y

J. MCD. SHARPE. | E. F. KERR.

SHARPE & KERR, ATTORNEYS AT LAW BEDFORD, PA., will practice in the courts of Bedford and adjoining counties Office on Juliana st., opposite the Banking House of Reed & Schell. [March 2, '66.

J. R. DURBORROW. | JOHN LUTZ.

DURBORROW & LUTZ, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA., Will attend promptly to all business intrusted to their care. Collections made on the shortest notice.

They are, also, regularly licensed Claim Agents and will give special attention to the prosecution of claims against the Government for Pensions, Back Pay, Bounty, Bounty Lands, &c.

Office on Juliana street, one door South of the "Mengel House," and nearly opposite the *Inquirer* office.

JOHN P. REED, ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA. Respectfully tenders his services to the public.

Office second door North of the Mengel House. Bedford, Aug. 1, 1861.

JOHN PALMER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA. Will promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care.

Particular attention paid to the collection of Military claims. Office on Juliana Street, nearly opposite the Mengel House.

Bedford, Aug. 1, 1861.

ESPY M. ALSIP, ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA. Will faithfully and promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care in Bedford and adjoining counties. Military claims, back pay, bounty, &c., speedily collected.

Office with Mann & Spang, on Juliana street, two doors South of the Mengel House.

Jan. 22, 1864.

F. M. KIMMELL. | J. W. LINGENFELTER.

KIMMELL & LINGENFELTER, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA., Have formed a partnership in the practice of the Law. Office on Juliana street, two doors South of the "Mengel House."

G. H. SPANG, ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA. Will promptly attend to collections and all business entrusted to his care in Bedford and adjoining counties.

Office on Juliana Street, three doors south of the "Mengel House," opposite the residence of Mrs. Tate.

May 13, 1864.

B. F. MEYERS. | J. W. DICKERSON.

MEYERS & DICKERSON, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Bedford, Pa., office same as formerly occupied by Hon. W. P. Schell, two doors east of the GAZETTE office, will practice in the several courts of Bedford county. Pensions, bounty and back pay obtained and the purchase and sale of real estate attended to. [may11,'65.

JOHN H. FILLER, *Attorney at Law*, Bedford, Pa. Office near Y opposite the Post Office. [apr.20,'66.—1y.

Physicians and Dentists.

P. H. PENNSYL, M. D., BLOODY RUN, Pa., (late surgeon 56th P. V. V.,) tenders his professional services to the people of that place and vicinity. Dec. 22, '65—1y*

W. W. JAMISON, M. D., BLOODY RUN, Pa., tenders his professional services to the people of that place and vicinity. Office one door west of Richard Langdon's store.

Nov. 24, '65—1y

DR. J. L. MARBOURG, Having permanently located, respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

Office on Juliana street, east side, nearly opposite the Banking House of Reed & Schell.

Bedford, February 12, 1864.

C. N. HICKOK, | J. G. MINNICH, JR.,

DENTISTS, BEDFORD, PA.

Office in the Bank Building, Juliana St.

All operations pertaining to Surgical or Mechanical Dentistry carefully performed, and warranted.

TERMS—CASH.

Bedford, January 6, 1865.

Bankers.

JACOB REED, | J. J. SCHELL,

REED AND SCHELL, *Bankers and* DEALERS IN EXCHANGE, BEDFORD, PA.,

DRAFTS bought and sold, collections made and money promptly remitted.

Deposits solicited.

G. W. RUPP.....O. E. SHANNON.....F. BENEDICT

RUPP, SHANNON & CO., BANKERS, BEDFORD, PA.

BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.

COLLECTIONS made for the East, West, North and South, and the general business of Exchange transacted. Notes and Accounts Collected and Remittances promptly made. REAL ESTATE bought and sold. Oct. 20, 1865.

Miscellaneous.

DANIEL BORDER, PITT STREET, TWO DOORS WEST OF THE BEDFORD HOTEL, BEDFORD, PA.

WATCHMAKER AND DEALER IN JEWELRY, SPECTACLES, &C.

He keeps on hand a stock of fine Gold and Silver Watches, Spectacles of Brilliant Double Refined Glasses, also Scotch Pebble Glasses. Gold Watch Chains, Breast Pins, Finger Rings, best quality of Gold Pens. He will supply to order any thing in his line not on hand.

Oct. 20, 1865.

H. F. IRVINE, ANDERSON'S ROW, BEDFORD, PA., Dealer in Boots, Shoes, Queensware, and Varieties. ☞Orders from Country Merchants respectfully solicited.

Oct. 20, 1865.

D. R. ANDERSON, *Licensed Scrivener and Conveyancer*, CENTREVILLE, BEDFORD COUNTY, PA.,

will attend to the writing of Deeds, Mortgages, Leases, Articles of Agreement, and all business usually transacted by a Scrivener and Conveyancer. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.

April 6, '66-tf.

Hardware, &c.

WM. HARTLEY. | S. S. METZGER.

HARTLEY & METZGER having formed a partnership, on the 1st day of April, 1856, in the *HARDWARE and FARM MACHINERY TRADE*, now invite the public to examine their mammoth stock, which they will sell at low figures, *for cash*. [apr.27,'66.

IRON AND NAILS, at lowest cash prices, at HARTLEY & METZGER'S.

PAINTS, fresh, durable and beautiful; Pure Liberty White Lead; Penn Treaty White Lead; Mansion White Lead; China Gloss; Turpentine; Fin seed Oil; Copal and Demar Varnish; Brushes of all kinds, for sale cheap, at HARTLEY & METZGAR'S.

GRAIN AND GRASS SCYTHES, Sneds and Harvesting Implements in great variety, and at all prices, for sale at HARTLEY & METZGER S.

$5.00 WASHING MACHINES and the great anti-Cog-Wheel Wringer, now on exhibition at HARTLEY & METZGER'S. Call and see this invention before purchasing elsewhere.

SPRING TOOTH RAKES, Gum Spring Grain Drills, Improved Cider Mills, Eureka Fodder and Straw Cutters, for sale at HARTLEY & METZGER'S.

HOUSE KEEPERS will find at Hartley & Metzger's Store a great variety of household Hardware: Knives and Forks, Spoons of elegant quality, Ladles, single or in sets, Shovels and Tongs, Waiters, Tea Bells, Scissors, Meat Saws, Carvers, Paring Knives, Brushes, Waffle Irons, Griddles, Gridirons, Brass, Porcelain and Iron Kettles, Iron Pots, Tubs, Buckets, Baskets, Brooms, Slaw Cutters, &c., &c. Stove Polish, Rotten Stone, and a hundred little "knick knacks" that we can't afford to enumerate. It would be easier to tell what we don't keep than what we do.

THE CLEAREST, BRIGHTEST, Best, Safest and Purest, and for these reasons the *Cheapest Coal Oil* in Bedford, may always be had at Hartley & Metzger's. You who have never used any other than the *"common truck,"* try it, compare it! and you will always go to Hartley's. Coal Oil Lamps in brilliant profusion, and great variety, very cheap at Hartley's, also, Wick, Lamp Tops, &c. Coal Oil Lamps repaired.

50 GREENCASTLE GRAIN CRADLES. Natural bent fingers will be received by Hartley & Metzger, who are exclusive agents for Bedford county. Order soon.

BUCK-EYE REAPERS and MOWERS, with all the new improvements, among which is the wonderful *Dropping* invention. Also, a few *"Farmer Mowers"* for sale by Hartley & Metzger. Order soon as the supply is short for this season.

BARN DOOR ROLLERS, of the most improved pattern, track and all complete, cheaper and better than hinges, for sale at HARTLEY & METZGER'S.

DEMI-JOHNS, for Mineral Water, at HARTLEY & METZGER'S.

FISHING TACKLE—Rods, Hooks, Lines, &c., &c. Shot Guns, Powder, Shot, Caps, &c., at Hartley & Metzger's.

50 BEREA GRINDSTONES and and Fixtures, at Hartley & Metzgers.

PATENT WHEEL GREASE; the best White-wash, Blacking and Scrub Brushes in town, at Hartley & Metzger's.

GO TO HARTLEY & METZGER'S to get your money back.

$10,000 DUE AND WANTED.—Old Merchants say: it is necessary to quit business in order to settle up; that many people are so mean, after you have credited them, that when you try to get your honest dues from them, they will "shy off," and spend their money, or run up accounts, at other stores, and you will lose their custom.

I don't want to quit business. I must have money. I have been indulgent. I want every man and woman who owes me by book account or note to pay me *now*. I don't want them to act mean and "shy off." Stand up to the counter like men! Pay if you can. If you can't pay, settle some way. I will sue only those who don't want to pay, and quit me because I dun them.

Let all concerned call at once to settle. Thankful to a generous public for their patronage, I hope they will favor the new firm of Hartley & Metzger who will do right.

apr.27.] Respectfully, WM. HARTLEY.

GEO. BLYMYER. | JOHN F. BLYMYER.

GEORGE BLYMYER & SON having formed a partnership, on the 6th of March, 1866, in the

HARDWARE & HOUSE FURNISHING BUSINESS,

respectfully invite the public to their new rooms, three doors west of the old stand, where they will find an immense stock of the most splendid goods ever brought to Bedford county. These goods will be sold at the lowest possible prices. Persons desirous of purchasing BUILDING HARDWARE will find it to their advantage to give us a call.

WHITE LEAD.—We have on hand a large quantity of White Lead, which we have been fortunate to buy a little lower than the market rates. The particular brands to which we would invite attention, are the

Pure Buck Lead.
Liberty White Lead.
Snow Franklin White Lead,
Washington White Lead,
Washington Zinc White Lead,
New York White Lead.

ALSO:—*French Porcelain Finish;*
Demar Varnish;
Varnishes of all kinds.
Flaxseed Oil, (pure)
Turpentine and Alcohol.

All kinds of IRON and NAILS.

No. 1 CHRYSTAL ILLUMINATING COAL OIL.

LAMPS in profusion.

We would invite persons wanting Saddlery Hardware, to give us a call, as we have everything in the Saddlery line, such as Buckles, Rings, Hames and Webbing Leather of all kinds; also a variety of Shoe Findings, consisting of French Calf Skins, Morocco Linings, Bindings, Pegs, etc.

Housekeepers will find at Blymyer & Son's store a great variety of household goods. Knives and Fork of the very best quality; Plated Table and Tea Spoons at all prices.

Give us a call and we can supply you with Barn Door Rollers, the latest improvements; Nova Scotia Grindstones, better than any in use; Shovels, Forks and Spades.

Grain and Grass Scythes and Snathes; Fishing Tackle; Brushes of all kinds; Demi-Johns; Patent Wheel Grease, Tar and Whale Oil, and an infinite variety of articles.

$20,000 WANTED—Would like to get it if our friends would let us have it. Less will do; but persons having unsettled accounts will close them up to the first of March, to enable us to close our old books. This should be done.

may4,'66. GEO. BLYMYER & SON.

$1,500 PER YEAR! We want agents every where to sell our IMPROVED $20 Sewing Machines. Three new kinds. Under and upper feed. Warranted five years.—Above salary or large commissions paid. The ONLY machines sold in the United States for less than $40, which are *fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., and Bachelder.* All other cheap machines are *infringements*, and the *seller* or *user* are *liable to arrest, fine, and imprisonment.* Circulars *free.* Address, or call upon Shaw & Clark, Biddeford, Maine, or Chicago, Ills. [Dec. 22, '65—1y

$90 A MONTH! Agents wanted for *six entirely new articles*, just out. Address O. T. GAREY, City Building, Biddeford, Maine. [Dec. 22, '65—1y

RICHARD LEO, *Manufacturer of* CABINET-WARE, CHAIRS, &C., BEDFORD, PA.,

The undersigned being engaged in the Cabinet making business, will make to order and keep on hand everything in his line of manufacture.

BUREAUS, DRESSING STANDS, PARLOR AND EXTENSION TABLES, CHAIRS, BEDSTEADS, WASHSTANDS, &C., &C.,

will be furbished at all prices, and to suit every taste. COFFINS will also be made to order.

☞Prompt attention paid to all orders for work.

☞Shop on West Pitt Street, nearly opposite the residence of George Shuck.

July 10, 1863.—tf RICHARD LEO.

MERCHANTS' SHOW BILLS, printed in superior style, and upon reasonable terms, at THE BEDFORD GAZETTE office.

The Bedford Gazette.

The Negro Bureau.

Unheard Of Cruelties Practised by the "Freedom Shriekers."

NEGROES SUSPENDED BY THE WRISTS.

OFFICERS AND AGENTS OF THE BUREAU AS "SLAVEOWNERS" AND COTTON PRODUCERS.

Official Report of the Government Commissioners.

The following report concerning the operations of the Negro Bureau in Virginia and North Carolina has been forwarded to the War Department by Generals Fullerton and Steedman, who are on a tour of inspection through the Southern States by order of the Government:

WILMINGTON, N. C., Tuesday, May 8, 1866.

Hon. E. M. Stanton, Secretary of War:

We have the honor to report that, in obedience to instructions of April 7 last, directing us to "inspect and report upon the Freedmen's Bureau in the Military Departments of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Arkansas Mississippi, Florida, Louisiana and Texas," that we have performed the duty in the Departments of Virginia and North Carolina, and submit the following report of our observations. We deem it proper to communicate the result of our inspection in these States before proceeding any further in the performance of the duty assigned to us.

It has been our duty to ascertain, by a thorough and impartial investigation, the manner in which the Bureau has been administered and conducted in these departments, and to observe the effect produced by it upon the relations between the white and black races. In pursuing our investigations, we have endeavored to arrive at the truth, and we feel that we have succeeded in so doing, by thoroughly examining and conversing with representatives of all classes of people, white and black, as well as officers on duty in the military service and in the Freedmen's Bureau in said States. We have visited all the towns and cities of any importance, and the headquarters of each district of the Bureau in Virginia and North Carolina, and also taken advantage of every opportunity to converse with and obtain the opinions with reference to the Bureau of citizens whom we have met on the streets, at the hotels, and while traveling in the cars.

Virginia.

There are on duty in Virginia the following number of officers in the military service, and of other persons employed by or attached to the Bureau: 1 Colonel, 2 Lieutenant-Colonels, 8 Majors, 1 Captain and Commissary of Subsistence, 9 Captains and Assistant Quarter-Masters, 19 Captains of the line, 23 First Lieutenants, two hundred and thirty-three civilian employees, classified as follows: 58 Clerks and Superintendents of farms, paid average monthly wages, $78 50; 12 Assistant Superintendents, paid average monthly wages, 887; 163 Laborers, paid average monthly wages, $11 75. In addition to the foregoing, enlisted men in the military service are employed as orderlies, guards, etc., but we were unable to procure the number so employed; 9,600 freedmen received rations from the Bureau in the month of December last; 10,260 in the month of January, and 9,938 in February.

The provision returns on which the rations were issued, show:

December—Men, 1,920; women, 2,789; children, 5,181. Total, 9,660.

January—Men, 1,215; women, 3,084; children, 5,191. Total, 10,260.

February—Men, 1,321; women, 3,147; children, 5,467. Total, 9,938.

A majority of the freedmen to whom this subsistence has been furnished, are undoubtedly able to earn a living if they were removed to localities where labor could be procured. The necessity for issuing rations to this class of persons results from their accumulation in large numbers in certain places, where the land is unproductive and the demand for labor is limited. As long as these people remain in their present localities, the civil authorities refuse to provide for the able-bodied, and are unable to care for the helpless and destitute among them, owing to their great number, and the fact that very few are residents of the counties in which they have congregated during the war. The necessity for the relief extended to these people, both able-bodied and helpless, by the Government, will continue so long as they remain in their present condition, and while rations are issued to the able-bodied, they will not voluntarily change their localities to seek places where they can procure labor.

[The Commissioners bring no very severe charges against the Bureau in Virginia, but nevertheless recommend its abrogation.—EDS.]

North Carolina.

Having completed our duties in Virginia, we proceeded to the Department of North Carolina and arrived at Raleigh on the 23d of April.—Here we saw the Assistant Commissioner of the Bureau for said State, Col. E. Whittlesey, and obtained from him the following information as to the number of military officers and civilians employed and the number of freedmen to whom rations have been issued since the 1st of December last in said State:

Commissioned officers in the military service: 1 Colonel, 1 Lieutenant Colonel, 2 Majors, 17 Captains, 6 First Lieutenants, 8 Second Lieutenants and 1 Chaplain.

Medical Department.—9 contract Surgeons, pay per month, $100; 26 hospital attendants, average pay per month, $11 25; 18 civilian employes, agents, clerks, etc., at average pay per month, $77 20; 4 laborers, average pay per month, $11 90. In addition to the foregoing, enlisted men are detailed as orderlies, guards, &c., by commanding officers of the different military posts where officers of the Bureau are serving. Rations have been issued as follows:

	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.
December,	518	2,465	3,679	6,662
January,	552	2,567	3,712	6,831
February,	389	2,270	3,567	6,146
March	321	2,205	3,406	5,932

The same reasons that exist for issuing rations to the freedmen in Virginia and the necessity for the continuance of this relief apply to the freedmen of North Carolina.

We found the feeling toward the Bureau much the same as that stated as prevailing in Virginia, except that there appears to be a more universal desire in this department on the part of all classes to have it removed. This feeling is no doubt attributable to the misconduct of many of the officers of the Bureau, such as working plantations, running sawmills, manufacturing turpentine and tar, &c., operations which bring them armed with the authority of official positions into competition with the citizens who are employing freedmen. We have investigated some of the charges made against agents of the Bureau, and in pursuing our inquiries to this point, commenced with the Assistant Commissioner of the State, Col. E. Whittlesey, to whom we addressed the interrogatory: "Do you know of any person in the military service, now on duty with the Freedmen's Bureau in this department, who is, or has been, since entering upon the duties of his office, engaged or interested, directly or indirectly, in the cultivation of any lands within the Department?" He answered "No." Subsequently he addressed us a note hereto appended, marked "A." in which he stated that in order to assist the planters in hiring freedmen and trying fairly the experiment of free labor, he and some other officers of the Bureau had loaned money and thus indirectly had an interest in cultivating farms. On receiving this note, we addressed Col. Whittlesey further interrogatories, a copy of which is hereto annexed, marked "B," to which he replied in communication, also hereto appended, marked "C," disclosing the fact that he is interested with the Rev. Horace James, of Massachusetts, formerly Captain and Assistant Quartermaster Freedmen's Bureau, and with Mr. Winthrop Tappan, of Maine, in the cultivation of a large farm in Pitt county, N. C. He also stated therein that Capt. F. A. Seeley, Superintendent of the Bureau of the Eastern District of N. C., is interested in the cultivation of a Plantation in Wayne County, N. C., and that Capt. Isaac Rosecranz, Commissary of Subsistence, is interested with Mr. Brooks in the cultivation of a plantation in Pitt Co., N. C.

From Raliegh we proceeded to Salisbury, where we found Major C. A. Cilley, Superintendent for the Bureau of the Western District, embracing fifty-one counties of the State. This efficient and competent officer has administered the affairs of the Bureau within his district with much ability and impartiality. We conferred with the leading white citizens, embracing both those who had formerly been rebels, and those who had been Union men, and also with a delegation of intelligent colored people, representing the freedmen, all of whom agreed in the statement that the freedmen were at work, were perfectly satisfied, and that good feeling and harmony prevailed between the whites and blacks throughout the district. Major Cilley is not interested in the cultivation of any plantation, nor in any other business not connected with his official duties, and he has prohibited any officer serving under him within his district from engaging in any enterprise which would enable them to appropriate or control the labor of freedmen under their jurisdiction to advance their private interests. We attribute much of the order and contentment of the freedmen of the "Western District" to Major Cilley's judicious and honest administration.

After completing our inspection of the Bureau in Major Cilley's district, we returned to Raleigh, where we remined one day, for the purpose of further interview with Col. Whittlesey, but he being absent, we were obliged to address him certain interrogatories, to which he afterward replied as before stated.

On the 27th of April we left Raleigh for Newbern, the headquarters of Capt. Seeley, Superintendent of the Eastern District of North Carolina. We at once proceeded to investigate the affairs of the Bureau and the conduct of its officers in this district. Capt. Seeley was interrogated as to whether he was interested in any manner, directly or indirectly, in the cultivation of lands, or in any other private business requiring the labor of freedmen. He said he was not, except indirectly in manufacturing lumber, having purchased, or being about to purchase, with two of his clerks, a saw mill about forty miles down the river. Dr. Russ, Medical Purveyor, United States Volunteers, stationed at Newbern, and a Mr. Potter, a citizen, were subsequently examined, both of whom stated that Capt. Seeley, Superintendent of the Freedmen's Bureau for the district, entered into partnership with them about December last, in a contract to cultivate the farm of Major George Collier, a citizen of North Carolina, near Goldsboro. They commenced operations by planting seven hundred acres of cotton and some cane, this work necessarily requiring the labor of a large number of freedmen. Dr. Russ stated that some two weeks since he had conditionally purchased the interest of Capt. Seeley in a plantation, but he had not yet consummated the contract. Mr. Potter stated that about a fortnight ago Dr. Russ, he himself, and others, had conditionally purchased a *part* of the interest of Capt. Seeley, and that Capt. Seeley still owned an interest in the plantation. Without being able to determine how far Capt. Seeley is interested in this plantation, it is perfectly evident that he prevaricated in his answer to our interrogatories.

Capt. Rosecranz, sub-agent of the Bureau at Newbern under Capt. Seeley, and Commissary of Subsistence, as will be seen by the paper hereto marked "D," is also engaged in cultivating a large plantation near Washington, N. C., with the labor of freedmen, whom he supplies with rations as part of their wages.

In one of our interviews with the freedmen of Newbern, some of them, who were employed in the Commissary Department of the Bureau, stated that rations in bulk had been frequently taken from the supply warehouse at unusual hours, before the doors were open for the transaction of business, and hauled off in carts and wagons, and that on one occasion they had followed a cart containing four barrels of pork to see if it went to the freedmen's ration house. They ascertained that it did not. Capt. Rosecranz stated that he knew nothing about it. His brother, a citizen, whom he had employed to act as Commissary Sergeant, stated that the four barrels of pork alluded to were ordered by himself to be taken from the storehouse to the building from which the rations are issued to the freedmen, but that the driver of the cart *had made a mistake and took the pork to the wrong place*, a provision store kept by Mr. P. Merwin, and that immediately upon discovering the mistake, he had it rectified and the pork returned to the store-house. Afterward we called upon Mr. Merwin, who stated that about the time Capt. Rosecrans said the pork had been sent by mistake to his store, he *borrowed* four barrels of pork from Capt. Rosecrans, *which he had not yet returned*. He also stated that Capt. Rosekranz, on that day, and after his examination before us, called at his store and requested him to return the four barrels of pork immediately. Mr. Merwin further stated that he had exchanged two barrels of brown sugar, and paid Capt Rosekranz five cents per pound for making the exchange.

Opposite Newbern, on the south bank of the Trent river, there is a settlement composed exclusively of freedmen, and containing a population about 4 thousand, whose condition *is truly deplorable*. These unfortunate people came within our lines and were located there during the war. They are living in small huts, built by themselves, of lumber manufactured by hand. These huts generally contain but a single room, each of which is occupied in most cases by large families. The appearance of this settlement, recently scourged with small pox, is well calculated to excite the deepest sympathy for the helpless condition of its inhabitants. The decrepid and helpless among them are supported by the Government of the United States, and the remainder procure an uncertain and scanty living from little jobs about Newbern, from fishing with small boats, &c. Rev. Mr. Fitz, formerly an army chaplain, presides over this colony, as "Assistant Superintendent of the Bureau for the Trent River Settlement." This agent has exercised the most arbitrary and despotic power, and practiced *unheard of cruelties* on the helpless freedmen under his charge. The outrageous conduct of this man was brought to our attention by a delegation of freedmen from the settlement, who called upon us and made statements in reference to his oppressions and outrages, which we could scarcely credit. After hearing these statements, we visited the settlement, conversed with the freedmen, investigated the charges against this man, and ascertained that he had been guilty of greater wrongs and oppressions than had been complained of. In addition to the testimony of the freedmen, we took the statements of four intelligent ladies from the North, who were teaching school in this settlement.

Among many acts of cruelty committed by Superintendent Fitz, we found that he had, in two instances, suspended freedmen with cords around their wrists, with their feet not touching the floor, and kept them in this position—in one case four and in the other case six hours. Also that he sentenced a freedman to an imprisonment of three months for a trivail offence—that of wrangling with his wife. He kept another man, who was arrested for debt, shut up in the block-house or prison for months, while his wife and children, reduced to abject destitution, died with the small pox, and took him from the prison under guard, and compelled him to bury his last child in the cradle in which it died. On another occasion, when one of his guards reported to him that a colored woman had spoken disrespectfully of him, without ever inquiring what the woman had said, he ordered her to be imprisoned till 9 o'clock next morning, when she should be brought before him to answer for the indignity. In one instance he imprisoned six children for ten days for playing in the streets on the Sabbath day. He imposed a fine of $60 upon an aged freedman for having told another freedman that he was about to be arrested by Mr. Fitz. This poor old man not having the money to pay the fine, was imprisoned until next day, when his son paid the same, with $3 additional jail fees.

The land upon which the huts in this settlement are built is owned by certain heirs in North Carolina, and is held by the Bureau as abandoned property. A tax which Superintendent Fitz says goes to the support of the Bureau, is imposed upon the owner of each hut for ground rent. If the occupants fail to pay the tax promptly they are either turned out into the streets or imprisoned, and in some instances huts have been torn down by order of the Superintendent for non-payment of tax. All business transacted by these people is taxed for the same purpose.—Five dollars per month is levied on every little shop, $2 on each fishing-boat, $5 on each horse and cart, &c. The failure to pay these taxes when due at once subjects the property to confiscation.—We were unable to ascertain what amount of money had been collected by Superintendent Fitz, or what disposition had been made of it. The imperfect manner in which his books were kept would have needed a lengthy and detailed examination necessary to arrive at even an approximate idea of the amount of money collected. In answer to a question as to what justification there was for the oppressive burdens he had imposed upon these people, Superintendent Fitz replied that Capt. Seeley told him "I must have a thousand dollars a month from that settlement." He also furnished us with a sworn statement, herewith furnished, marked "E," in which he attempts to defend his conduct, by stating that he acted in obedience to the orders of his superior officers in the Bureau.

In an interview we had with Capt. Seeley, that officer evinced a desire to shield Superintendent Fitz, by stating that a great deal of what was said against him was false, notwithstanding that he had sworn testimony before him that the charges against Fitz were true.

While at Newbern investigating the conduct of the officers of the Bureau, and the reported oppressions of the freedmen by this class of persons, our attention was called to the alleged killing of a freedman by a white employe of Col. Whittlesey, Assistant Commissioner of the Bureau for North Carolina, and Rev. Horace James, formerly Assistant Quartermaster, on their plantation in Pitt County. Mr. James, while in the United States service, was Superintendent of the Bureau for the district now under charge of Capt. Seeley, and is now agent of the Bureau, without pay, for the county in which he is planting. The circumstances under which the freedman was killed, as stated by Mr. James himself, are as follows:—The freedman was accused of stealing provisions from the store of Col. Whittlesey and James, was arrested, tried and convicted by Mr. James, as Agent of the Bureau, and was sentenced to dig ditches on their plantation. While working out his sentence he ran away, and was pursued by James's clerk, Boyden, who arrived at the bank of a river while the freedman was attempting to cross in a canoe. Boyden ordered him to return, telling him if he did not he would shoot him, and the freedman, disregarding this order, Boyden fired. Boyden states himself that he thinks he hit him, and as nothing has ever been heard from him since, it is generally believed in the neighborhood that he was killed, and fell from the canoe into the river. These facts are stated in a letter forwarded to Col. Whittlesey, who returned it to Capt. Seeley, with the following indorsement:

RALEIGH, Wednesday, March 28, 1866.

"Respectfully returned. As the affair seems to have occurred at night, and as the body of the negro has not yet been discovered, it does not appear certain that the shot took effect. No further action in the case seems called for.

By order of Col. Whittlesey, Assistant-Commissioner.

'A BUCHER, Assistant Adjutant-Gen.'

A number of freedmen of Newbern expressed dissatisfaction at the manner in which this case had been passed over without investigation. But as the plantation is quite remote, we were unable, owing to want of time, to inquire into the matter.

On the 2d inst., we left Newbern for Goldsboro, and on the way stopped at Kingston long enough to learn that Capt. Wheeler, agent of the Bureau of that place, is engaged in working a large plantation on his own account, and employs thereon a large number of freedmen.

At Goldsboro' the Superintendent, G. O. Glavis, Chaplain U. S. A., is cultivating one farm on the Government account; and is interested in two on his own account. This officer stated in his examination before us that he was not interested in the cultivation of plantations except indirectly, by loaning money to a Mr. Brooks, a friend of his from the North, who was engaged in planting, but we ascertained from Mr. Garr and Mr. Lane, citizens of the vicinity of Goldsborough, that he is interested and joined with them in contracts for the cultivation of their plantations.—His friend, Mr. Brooks, entered into a contract with Mr. Lane to furnish rations and pay for forty laborers, and to provide eight good mules. Mr. Lane agreed to furnish the land and superintend the cultivation thereof, the crops to be equally divided, one half to Mr. Lane, the other half to Messrs Brooks and Glavis. Mr. Lane states that the enterprise failed after the freedmen had worked over two months. They left then because Brooks and Glavis failed to pay them according to contract. The freedmen received for their labor a little clothing, such as coats, pants, shoes, &c., furnished by Chaplain Glavis, and but little or no money. A similar contract was made by Glavis & Brooks, with Mr. Garr, who stated to us that Glavis is paying the hands in "a little of everything, but chiefly in clothing."

We ascertained by the testimony of Messrs. Borham & Ballord, auctioneers at Goldsborough, that they had sold at auction for Chaplain Glavis, forty blankets marked "U. S." and a quantity of clothing that had been sent to Goldsborough for the gratuitous distribution to the needy by a Freedmen's Aid Society at or in the vicinity of Rochester, N. Y. We learned also that he had disposed of a large amount of such clothing at private sale. The Chaplain stated himself that he had received from such sales $200, though subsequently he asserted that the total cash receipts of his office, from all sources, amounted to $126 50. He kept no books, or even memoranda of moneys received and expended.

On the 4th inst., we arrived at Wilmington, the headquarters of the Bureau for the Southern District of North Carolina. Col. Rutherford is the Superintendent. He has been here but a short time and is not yet fully acquainted with the operations of the Bureau in his District. He was so unwell as to be obliged to retire while we were engaged in examining his office, and we have not since conferred with him.

Major J. C. Mann, Assistant Quartermaster and Financial Agent of the Southern District, is engaged in the cultivation of a rice plantation a short distance from Wilmington, on which are employed fifty-five freedmen. The Major stated that while he would not object to making money, he engaged in this business to show that the negro would work.

Major Chas. I Wickersham, sub-agent of the Bureau, whose headquarters are in Wilmington, is also interested in the cultivation of a rice plantation within his sub-district, and he is to receive one-fourth of the crops from the same, for compelling the freedmen employed on said plantation to work faithfully. He explained the manner by which he compelled freedmen to comply with contracts by stating that he put them to work with ball and chain on the streets of Wilmington.

Without attempting to discuss the propriety of officers of the Bureau in the military service of the U. States, who are paid by the Government for the performance of their duties, engaging in private business employing freedmen for such purposes while controlling, through their official position, that class of labor, we deem it our duty to state some of the effects produced, both upon the officers themselves and planters with whom they came in contact by such competition.

Major Wickersham, in contracting to furnish forty laborers to work a rice plantation, becomes at once interested against the laborer whom he compels unjustly, when unfairly dealt with by the person working him on the plantation, and on his refusing to work he inflicts upon them unlawful, and for a breech of contract, unheard of punishments, putting them in chain-gangs as if they were convicted criminals. Col. Whittlesey or any other officers of lesser rank and influence in the Bureau, who are engaged in working plantations, rented for cash or on shares, become interested in securing a low rate of wages, and in making the most stringent labor regulations to the great detriment of the Freedmen.

They thereby give the sanction of the Government to the establishment of wages far below what the labor really worth. Officers of the Quartermaster's and Subsistence Department who are thus engaged are subjected to the temptation of appropriating to their own use Quartermaster's stores and rations to supply and pay their laborers. Complaints have been made to us by the planters that these agents of the Bureau use the power of their position to obtain and control the best labor in the State. There is no doubt that much of the ill-feeling manifested toward the Bureau on the part of the planters is attributable to this fact.

The arbitrary power exercised by the officers and agents of the Bureau in making arrests, imposing fines and inflicting punishments, disregarding the local laws, and especially the State of Limitations, creates prejudice against the Government. If the officers were all honest and intelligent, with even limited legal information, it might be safe to trust them with this extraordinary power; but in many instances the officers do not possess the slightest knowledge of law. At Goldsboro, the agent, Chaplain Glavis, imposed a fine of $25 on one freedman for stabbing another so severely as to endanger his life, and when interrogated by us, stated that he did not know enough about law to distinguish a civil from a criminal case.

We are satisfied that the recommendation which we made in reference to the withdrawal of the officers of the Bureau in Virginia, and the transference to the officers commanding the troops of such duty as it may still be necessary to perform in connection with the freedmen, is equally applicable to North Carolina.

Very respectfully, your ob't serv'ts,

J. B. STEEDMAN, Maj-Gen. U. S. V.

J. S. FULLERTON, Brev. Brig.-Gen. U. S. V.

The Bedford Gazette.

Friday Morning.....June 1, 1866.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,

Hon. HIESTER CLYMER,

OF BERKS COUNTY.

THE CLIMBER.

A Campaign Paper.

The undersigned propose to publish a campaign paper to be entitled "The Climber," the first number of which will be issued on the 4th of July next, and continued until the Gubernatorial election in October.

This publication will be devoted to the support of President Johnson's Restoration Policy and the election of such candidates as are openly in favor of sustaining that policy. It will contain sixteen columns of matter and will be filled with racy editorials and the spiciest articles of the campaign. No conservative politician should be without it.

TERMS:

Ten copies to one address, cash in advance, $5 00
Twenty " " " " 8.00
Less than ten copies to one address, 60 cts per copy.

Get up your clubs and send in your orders at once. No attention paid to any order unless accompanied by the cash. Persons getting up clubs should be particular to specify in their orders the name of the person to whom they wish the package addressed, as all the papers in the club will be sent to one person for distribution. Address,

MEYERS & MENGEL,
Bedford, Pa.

THE SOLDIERS' BOUNTY CONVENTION.

The Convention called by Gen. Hartranft to meet at Pittsburg on the 5th inst., has for its ostensible object the petitioning of Congress in favor of the passage of a law equalizing bounties to volunteers in the late war. This is a laudable purpose and receives our unqualified endorsement. But, we opine, that the originators and managers of this Convention have a hidden scheme, in process of incubation, which will be hatched into full fledged monstrosity in due season. The outgivings of the Geary newspapers point unmistakably to a packing of the Convention and its conversion from a Bounty movement into a political machine. Mark our word, that instead of confining their action to the legitimate purpose for which the Convention is called, the tricksters who are trying to manage it, will attempt to commit it to the interests of the Disunion-Abolition candidate for Governor. But, mark our word again, that if they undertake to do so, they will find trouble in their own ranks and will but hasten the disintegration of the organization upon which they rely for success. If the soldier citizens of the State, instead of being permitted to work together harmoniously on the Bounty question, are to be divided into political factions, *upon the Geary wire-workers be the responsibility*. We call every soldier reader of this paper to witness, that we have striven for, and do now demand, unity and concert of action in the effort about to be made to induce Congress to pass a law equalizing the Bounties. But, if the Geary tricksters will not permit such unity and concert of action, then we say, let every Clymer soldier rally to his colors, and let there be called another Soldiers' Convention, so that the true sentiments of the defenders of the Flag may not be misrepresented in the all important political canvass now impending. These are our sentiments and we know them to be those of many of the brave men who "will vote as they shot, for the Union, not for the Negro."

ATROCITIES OF THE NEGRO BUREAU.

Horrible Treatment of the "Freedmen."

We publish on our outside the report of Generals Steedman and Fullerton, appointed by the President to investigate the affairs of the Freedmen's Bureau. We hope every person into those hands this paper may fall, will give that report a careful perusal. If ay one, after reading the accounts herein given of the conduct of the agnts of the Bureau in Virginia and North Carolina, can support the worse than "slaveocratic" system under which the negroes of the South are at present being "maintained" and "educated," then his nature is devoid of every spark of humanity and every instinct of honesty. The doings of the "Rev." Mr. Fitz should be sufficient to shock the sensibilities of any man who is not a candidate for Thad. Stevens' Penitentiary of Hell." Talk of Abolition philanthropy! Talk of New England humanitarianism! The "Rev." Mr. Fitz is the very personification, the quintupled quintessence of the hypocrisy which has found vent in the cant of the demi-devils that have used the pulpit to instil into the public mind those pestilent heresies. The New England Fitzes have abolished the Southern system of slavery, and upon its ruins have established their own. The crack of the "slave-driver's whip" is no longer heard, but the crack of the thumb-joints of the negro as he swings by the Bureau Agent's cord, is heard in its stead. Philanthropic Fitz! Humane Freedmen's Bureau!

SOLDIERS' CLYMER CLUBS.

The soldier-citizens of the State are organizing "Clymer Clubs" and moving with great unanimity in favor of the policy of President Johnson. We observe that in Philadelphia "Soldiers' Johnson Clubs" are about being formed in every ward; whilst in Juniata, York and other counties the returned veterans are rallying under the bright banner of the glorious Clymer. Two hundred and thirty five honorably discharged soldiers signed a call for the formation of a "Soldiers' Clymer Club" in York. A large and enthusiastic meeting was the result of this call, and an organization was at once effected with the following platform as its basis:

Resolved, That having fought for the Union, and assisted in restoring the national authority throughout the land, we are unalterably opposed to the Radicals of Congress who are attempting to do what the rebels failed to do—subvert our free institutions and destroy the Union.

Resolved, That we will stand by Andrew Johnson in his noble efforts to defeat the bold, bad men who stand in the way of the restoration of the States to their full constitutional rights, and that we believe that in his magnanimous policy is only to be found a sure road to a restoration of a Union of hearts, and a Union of States, and peace and prosperity to the land.

Resolved, That we believe that the Hon. Hiester Clymer, the Democratic candidate for Governor of Pennsylvania, holds upon all the great principles of public policy, views similar to our own, and is a firm supporter of President Johnson, and that therefore we will support him with our voices and votes.

HON. F. M KIMMELL.

A letter to the editor of this paper from Judge Kimmell, announces that he will not permit his name to be used in connection with the Democratic nomination for Congress. This announcement will be received with great regret by the numerous friends of Judge Kimmell in this county and throughout the district; but the assurance that his eloquent voice will be frequently heard in favor of the right, during the coming campaign, will in some degree reconcile them to his determination not to be a candidate.

THE COLORADO BILL.

We have not had room to publish the message of President Johnson vetoing the bill admitting Colorado as a State of the Union. It is a very wise and able document and gives such substantial reasons for the veto that we cannot see how any reasonable man can object to it. We may publish it in our next. Meanwhile, we don't feel like doing all the work in this neck of the woods, for a "Republican" President. Can't some other printers publish some of his messages?

SIGNIFICANT.

The Philadelphia *Daily News*, one of the oldest "Republican" papers in the State, refuses to support Geary for Governor. The Pittsburg *Republic* is in a similar predicament. The Easton *Argus* of May 24, has the following:

Hauling down the Geary Flag.

The Easton *Gegenwart*, the German organ of the "Republican" party in Northampton county, has hauled down the Geary flag for Governor. The editor can no longer support the negro suffrage doctrines of Thad. Stevens & Co."

It is said that "straws show which way the wind blows."

BLOODY RUN, May 25, 1866.

Mr. Editor:—I have just read the last number of that very intelligent paper called the Bedford *Inquirer*, and I find an article copied from a D. D. paper called the Harrisburg *Telliegraph*, the substance of which article is the veto by President Johnson of the bill admitting the Territory of Colorado as a state into the Union. It accuses the President of proffering to the Senators of that Territory admittance into the Union, provided they would support his policy. The article says they became indignant at the President's proposition and that he then vetoed the Bill. Let "all the world and the rest of mankind" read the President's veto message and they will find that it was on some other account that the veto was made. The President's policy is not for trade, or sale, like that of the Radicals. They are willing to swop Amnesty to the late rebels for Negro Suffrage so as to keep themselves in power. The President's objections to admitting Colorado as a State into the Union, are as valid as any objections to any thing wrong could possibly be. 1. The last election held in that Territory to ascertain whether the people were willing to become a state, was not held in a legal manner. At a former election held, according to law, 6,000 votes were polled, and three thousand and some odd votes were given as a majority against its becoming a State, whilst at the last election held illegally, 5,000 and some odd votes were cast and only 150 majority, polled in favor of becoming a State. 2. The decrease of population is another reason against its becoming a State. Such are the reasons the President stands upon. He is a law-abiding man; he doesn't make proffers to men that are inconsistent or unjust. He is gaining friends daily by his upright course. He is a condescending man, but he will not stoop to gain friends in an illegal or unjust manner. An editorial about the Everlasting Negro in the same sheet is a stale composition. It accuses Democratic Editors with having too much to say about the Ebony Idol. You may blame yourself, for this, Mr. *Inquirer*. You pretend continually to adore the Negro, and you are commanded not to worship idols. The "Republican" party was organized on the Negro issue. It has been its meat and drink for years. The Democrats are only rebuking you for thus idolizing the Negro. You cannot wash him white, for that would be labor spent in vain. You have been engaged in white-washing him for some time, but your own party has got divided in that process. It is not a very durable process. *Ignorance* is mentioned in this editorial twice. The *Inquirer* seems to be very mad at the people of Southampton. The citizens of Southampton township prefer a white man's government to a mixed one and this may be the reason why they are considered ignorant. Ignorance is not confined to one place; and very often when a man thinks he knows every thing he knows nothing. The *Inquirer* men will understand.

CONSERVATIVE REPUBLICAN.

Hon. HIESTER CLYMER in Pottsville.

AN IMPROMPTU SERENADE.

The Pottsville *Standard* says: On Thursday evening last it became generally known that the Democratic candidate for Governor, Hon. Hiester Clymer, was in town, engaged in the trial of a case in our Court, and arrangements were immediately made to serenade the popular standard bearer of the white man's party in the coming campaign. The Pottsville Cornet Band was engaged for the occasion, and about 9 P. M., a procession was formed at the Town Hall. Although no public notice had been given of the intended compliment to Mr. Clymer, quite a large crowd was present, and a numerous procession was formed. The procession moved down Centre street to the American House, where loud calls were made for Mr. Clymer.

The crowd by this time was immense. Centre street resembled a sea of upturned faces, all anxiously looking for the champion of the Democracy. Mr. Clymer was introduced to the assemblage by Col. J. M. Wetherill. After the tumult of applause had somewhat subsided, he addressed the crowd as follows:

Speech of Mr. Clymer.

A sojourner for a few days, engaged in the trial of a cause in your Courts, I need not say to you, my friends, how gratifying to me is this evidence of your kindly regard.

I well understand that the position I occupy before the people of the State has much to do with the character of your greeting; yet I will not deny myself the pleasant reflection that past associations, old memories, abiding friendships, are the cords which have drawn many of you hither.

Long ago, when starting on the journey of life, I came almost a stranger in your midst, and here for years in the practice of my profession, I met with kindness unexampled, with encouragement and support; and when my affairs rendered it necessary for me to return to my native county, I did so with regret which has been unceasing. I left here personal friends than whom none were more true, and although since then some of them have been gathered to the "City of the Silent," yet I know that amongst those whom I address there are many, very many, whose presence here attests their fidelity to the past, their support in the present, and their aid in the future. To have merited their approbation has hitherto been my highest aim; to continue to do so will be my unceasing effort; and although with some of them I may wi ely differ as to the means to the end, yet I feel they will accord to me that which I freely yield to them, integrity of purpose.

You do not expect me at this time nor do I intend to address you upon the general questions agitating the public mind. It would be improper for many reasons; some future opportunity will, I trust, be afforded me to do so; and yet I may not refrain to dwell one moment upon a subject of such absorbing and paramount interest that it may not be avoided.

It cannot be my friends, that the civil war just ended was waged to dismember the sacred Union of these States, to uproot and destroy the doctrine that taxation and representation are inseparable; to enfranchise four millions of negroes and enslave eight millions of white men; and to reduce to the condition of conquered provinces eleven sovereign States! Yet such are claimed to be its legitimate rights by many. If they should prove to be so, if fanaticism and latent treason should overpower patriotism and true statesmanship, and if in obedience to the demoniac rage of those whom the President has branded traitors, it be attempted to govern the Southern States as Hungary is governed by Austria, Poland by Russia, and Ireland by England, who may deny that the blood spilt and treasure expended have been in vain? But these are not, and by the aid of the good and true of all parties *shall not* be its results. A restored and perfect Union, an intact and enforced Constitution shall be the priceless and enduring rewards of the trials and bloodshed of our civil strife.

To aid in securing these results, to sustain all men in every position whose energies are devoted to these ends, is the highest duty of the patriotic citizen at this hour, and for the reason that to do so is no partizan effort, I have referred to it upon this occasion dedicated to the interchange of kindly personal civilities which are not to be marred by the expression of sentiments distasteful to any one who hears me.

Wishing you, one and all, health and happiness, I bid you good night.

—A Richmond paper says there is a steady tide of emigration of blacks from that city northward.

CONGRESSIONAL NEWS.

SENATE.—A resolution was passed to appoint a special committee to examine into a report on the amount of Government funds which have been deposited in National Banks within the last twelve months, and by whom the deposits were made. The joint resolution relating to the appointment of cadets to the Military Academy at West Point was taken up. No amendment of importance was made, and at the expiration of the morning hour the resolution went over. The Senate, on motion of Mr. Trumbull, allowed him to withdraw a petition presented some days ago from certain "loyal" citizens of Augusta county, Virginia, who stated they had been in constant danger since the withdrawal of the Federal troops, and asked that they be sent back. Mr. Trumbull said that he asked this, as the signers of the petition had been since subjected to persecution on account of it, and some of them so frightened that they had made public retraction of their statements in the newspapers. The Senate then resumed the consideration of the joint resolution to amend the Constitution reported from the Committee on Reconstruction, the question being on Mr. Wade's amendment. Mr. Sewart made a speech in favor of "universal suffrage and universal amnesty." An amendment was offered by Mr. Sherman as a substitute for the second and third sections. Further consideration of the subject was then postponed until to-day. The joint resolution providing for the publication of the official history of the war was taken up, and after some debate recommitted to the Committee on Military Affairs. The Senate then went into executive session, and at its close adjourned.

HOUSE.—The House concurred in the Senate amendments to the House bill to prevent the introduction of cholera into the United States. The bill now awaits the President's signature. The Committee on Agriculture reported against the removal of the Department of Agriculture to some Western State. The House resumed the consideration of the bill to continue in force the act establishing the Freedmen's Bureau for three years. An amendment was agreed to directing the Commissioner of the Bureau not to surrender any lands, occupied under General Sherman's order, dated Savannah, January 16, 1865, on the application of the former owners thereof to have such lands restored to them. At the expiration of the morning hour the bill went over, and the House, as in Committee of the Whole, resumed the consideration of the Tax bill. A tax of five per cent *ad valorem* was substituted for the stamp tax on photographs and daguerreotypes which was stricken out. The stamp tax on coffee, pepper, cloves &c., prepared for sale, was also stricken out. A number of articles, which will be found enumerated elsewhere, were added to the free list. Pending the vote on the free list section the bill was laid aside. The bill to equalize the bounties of soldiers and sailors was reported back from the Committee on Military Affairs, and notice given that it would be called up to-day. The House then adjourned.

SENATE.—The Senate passed a resolution requesting the President to communicate to that body the transactions of the Government under the acts of April 10th, May 12th, and July 17th, 1862, in regard to the colonization of certain negroes, stating the number colonized and the expenses incurred. A petition was presented from the American Atlantic Cable Telegraph Company, asking assistance from the Government to enable them to lay a cable from some point on the Atlantic coast of the United States to Lisbon, in Portugal, *via* Bermuda and the Azores Islands. It was referred to the Committee on Commerce. The joint resolution relating to the appointment of cadets to the Military Academy at West Point was taken up and passed. The Senate then adjourned until Monday next.

HOUSE.—The House bill to amend the Pension laws was reported back by Mr. Perham, of Maine, with a recommendation that the House non-concur in the Senate amendments, and that a Committee of Conference be appointed on the bill, which was agreed to. The bill incorporating the District of Columbia Sewerage and Canal Company was taken up, and pending a vote was laid aside. A bill was reported from the Committee on Banks and Currency, prohibiting the deposit of Government funds in National Banks, except with the consent of the Secretary of the Treasury. It was recommitted. The bill to equalize the bounties of soldiers and sailors was taken up and passed—yeas 139, nays 2. The bill fixes the rate of bounty at eight and one-third dollars per month. No bounty is to be paid to substitutes, or to persons who enlisted whilst held as prisoners of war. The House then, as in Committee of the Whole, resumed the consideration of the Tax bill. A number of articles were exempted from taxation. The House then took a recess.

Burning of the Harrisburg Bridge.

HARRISBURG, May 26.—The eastern end of the old Harrisburg bridge was destroyed by fire this morning. The flames were discovered about twelve o'clock, and before one o'clock the entire portion of the structure reaching from Harrisburg to Foster Island was burned, and fell into the channel, threatening the Cumberland Valley Railroad bridge, situated a few hundred yards below it, and which was only saved after much exertion. The old Harrisburg bridge was projected under the patronage of the Commonwealth, in 1811, and in 1816 the first toll was taken. The original cost of the bridge was $192,000. In March, 1846, the first sections of the bridge, between the then borough and Foster's Island, was carried away by an immense flood. It was rebuilt in 1847. As the railroad bridge is not intended for the passage of footmen and the ordinary vehicles, the destruction of the Harrisburg bridge is quite a serious interruption to the ordinary communication between the city and Cumberland county. The bridge company, however, will take immediate steps towards the establishment of a ferry from this shore to the island, for the accommodation of the public.

THE TWO PICTURES.—It may interest many persons to view again the lineaments of their favorite military chieftains within a political frame:

With the President.	*With Thad Stevens.*
Gen Grant,	"Gen." Butler,
Gen. Sherman,	"Gen." Sigel,
Gen. Meade,	"Gen." Schurz,
Gen. Hancock,	"Gen." Schenck,
Gen. Crawford,	"Gen." Cameron,
Gen. Sherridan,	"Col." Forney,
Col. Coulter.	"Gen." Geary.

The military trappings—straps, buttons, stars, eagles, &c.,—are equal, it will be perceived, but there is a vast difference in the color of the exploits.

—The Florence (Alabama) *Journal* reports that while negro troops were passing by rail they behaved in a most outrageous manner, firing guns and exhibiting other barbarous conduct. Mrs. Oswald King, while standing at her door, was shot in the hand and arm.

"THE BOYS IN BLUE."

Cumberland County Moving---The Soldiers Repudiate the Radicals in Congress and Indorse President Johnson---Hiester Clymer, of "Old Berks," their Choice for Governor of Pennsylvania.

CARLISLE, Pa., May 28

The soldiers of Cumberland County met here to-day to elect their delegates to the Pittsburg Soldiers' Convention, in pursuance of the call of Major General Hartranft. Delegates were elected and a series of resolutions adopted. The resolutions were strong and decided, and fully express the sentiments of "the boys in blue" in this region. They denounce the Radical disunionists; repudiate negro suffrage; declare that the Southern States are entitled to representation in Congress: indorse the restoration policy of Andrew Johnson; and also indorse the nomination of Hiester Clymer for Governor of Pennsylvania.

The Authority of the Civil Rights Law Disputed.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—In the Virginia Circuit Court, at Alexandria, yesterday, when the case of the Commonwealth vs. Roe & Whiteman, charged with felony, was being tried, the Commonwealth's attorney asked that he might be permitted to introduce negro witnesses to testify, claiming the right to do so under the provisions of the Civil Rights bill, Judge Thomas declined permission, on the ground that this was a State court, and he was acting under the laws of the State, which forbade a negro to testify in a case against a white man, except when the case arises out of an injury done, attempted or threatened to the person, property or rights of a colored person or Indian, and when the offence was committed by a white person in conjunction with a colored person or Indian. The Judge stated his determination to execute the laws of his State until ordered to do otherwise.

Punishment for the "Loyal"---Branding of White Americans.

BOSTON, May 25.—In the Superior Court, to-day, in the case of James Mulcheary vs. Dr. Henry J. Bowditch, for damages for illegally branding the plaintiff with the letter "D" (Deserter), while examining surgeon in the Provost Marshal's office, the jury returned a verdict of $1,000 for the plaintiff.

—A newspaper correspondent, who has traveled over several hundred miles in Pennsylvania, Delaware and Maryland, reports that, excepting, perhaps, one field in twenty-five, wheat is in a fine condition.

—Probst, the murderer, is said to have gained 20 pounds since his imprisonment—a fact, says an exchange, which is gratifying, as it will render the prompt dislocation of his neck more certain when he is hung.

—The Galveston (Texas) *News* reports that there is anything but good feeling existing between the federal and negro troops now in that city, and that it would require but a slight occurrence to create a serious collision between the two.

—The number of tons of coal shipped from the Pennsylvania mines last week was 114,657. During the corresponding week in 1865 the shipments only reached 28,002 tuns.

REVIEW OF THE MARKETS.

PHILADELPHIA, May, 29, 1866.

FLOUR.—There is no improvement in the market, but prices remain without especial change. There is a total absence of any demand for shipment, and a limited inquiry only for home consumption. The sales reach 6,000 bbls. in lots, at $7.50@8.50 per bbl. for superfine; $8.75@9.75 for extras; $10@11.50 for northwestern extra family, of which the bulk of the sales consist; Rye flour is scarce, and is in good request, with small sales at $6.25 per bbl.

GRAIN.—The receipts and stocks of wheat continue very small, but there is no demand except for prime quality, which is held firmly by all our quotations. Small sales of fair and choice red at $2.40@2.65; white ranges from $2.75@3. Rye is quiet but steady at $1.10@1.12 for Pennsylvania; 1,300 bus. sold at the latter rate. The market is very poorly supplied with corn, and yellow is in good demand, with sales of 6,500 bus. at 88c., afloat, including 1,000 bus at 90c., in the cars. Oats are scarce and in fair demand at 70@71c., for Pennsylvania and Delaware; 2,500 bus Western sold at 64c. In barley and malt no change to notice.

THE LADY'S FRIEND FOR JUNE.—This superior magazine leads off with a suggestive steel plate called, "The Mother's Blessing," illustrating a romantic story. The fashions are distinguished as usual for elegance and appropriateness. Airily graceful and delicately gay, they befit the month of roses, of summer skies and soft south winds. "The Music Mistress," a good wood-cut, also illustrates a story. Then follow some well chosen designs which the ladies will find useful. "The Old Family Clock," occupies the musical pages. Among the stories, "Which of the two" is remarkably good, even for the genius and practised pen of Louise Chandler Moulton; "Strategy," by Emma B. Ripley, is excellent, and so is "A New Bud on an Old Stalk," by Frances Lee; and "Sybil Ainsworth." In conclusion are some picturesque bathing dresses, the usual attractive variety in the work-table department. Price $2.50 a year; 2 copies $4.00; 8 copies (and one *gratis*) $16 Wheeler & Wilson's celebrated Sewing Machines are furnished as Premiums. Single numbers for sale by the news dealers. Address Deacon & Peterson, 319 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.

THE Consecration of the Presbyterian Church near St. Clairsville, will take place on next Sabbath, the third day of June. The notice in our last issue was an error as to the time.

"Don't," cry the ladies, "with mock perfumes weary us;
We're all content with the 'Night-Blooming Cereus.'"
Manufactured only by Phalon & Son, N. Y. Sold everywhere.

THE season for Cholera approaches. Let it not reach our town. How can we avoid it? Sprinkle Chloride of Lime about our premises, into rat holes, &c. It can be obtained at J. L. Lewis' Drug Store.

NEW GROCERY.—Mr. Geo. Mardorff has started a Grocery and Confectionery establishment one door east of the GAZETTE office. Give him a call.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

All notices under this head must be pre-paid to insure insertion. The following are the rates:—Prothonotary, $5.00; Sheriff $3.00; Associate Judge and Commissioner, $2.00; Poor Director and Auditor, $1.00. Tickets will be printed at $1.00 per thousand, when not less than one thousand are desired

SHERIFF.

MR. EDITOR:—Please announce A. J. SANSOM, of Bedford borough, as a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Democratic county convention.

EDITOR GAZETTE:—Please announce ISAAC D. EARNEST, of Bedford township, as a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the D mocratic county convention.

MR. EDITOR:—Please announce WM. KEYSER, of Juniata township, as a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Democratic county convention.

MR. MEYERS:—Please announce D. L. DEFIBAUGH, of Bedford township, as a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Democratic county convention.

We are authorized to announce ROBERT STECKMAN, of Bloody Run, as a candidate for the office of Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Democratic county convention.

MR. EDITOR:—Please announce THOMAS C. REIGHARD, of Union tp., as a candidate for the office of Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

EDITOR GAZETTE:—You are authorized to announce HUGH MOORE, of Bedford tp., as a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

We are authorized to announce GEO. W. HORN, of Harrison tp., as a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

We are authorized to announce HENRY FLUKE, of Middle Woodberry township, as a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Democratic county convention.

MR. EDITOR:—Please announce GEO. STEEL, of Hopewell township, as a candidate for sheriff, subject to the nomination of the Democratic county convention.

We are authorized to announce JOHN C. FIGARD, Broadtop twp., as a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Democratic county convention.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE.

MR. EDITOR:—Please announce F. D. BEEGLE, of St. Clair tp., as a suitable person for the office of Associate Judge, subject to the nomination of the Democratic County Convention.

We are authorized to announce GEO. SMOUSE, Jr., of Snake Spring tp., as a candidate for Associate Judge, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

We are authorized to announce JOSEPH SELLERS, of Bedford township, as a candidate for Associate Judge, subject to the decision of the Democratic county convention.

MR. EDITOR:—Please announce GEORGE W. GUMP, of Napier township, as a candidate for Associate Judge, subject to the decision of the Democratic county convention.

We are authorized to announce JOHN C. BLACK, of Bloody Run, as a candidate for Associate Judge, subject to the decision of the Democratic county convention

COMMISSIONER.

MR. EDITOR:—Please announce Joseph Sonser, of Napier township, as a candidate for Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Democratic county convention.

We are authorized to announce John S. Brumbaugh, of S. Woodberry township, as a candidate for Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Democratic county convention.

We are authorized to announce David Howsare, of Southampton township, as a candidate for the office of County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Democratic county convention.

We are authorized to announce Jonathan Bowser, of Colerain township, as a candidate for Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Democratic county convention.

We are authorized to announce Daniel P. Beegle, of St. Clair township, as a candidate for Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Democratic county convention.

POOR DIRECTOR.

We are authorized to announce HENRY MOSES, of Bedford tp., as a candidate for the office of Poor Director, subject to the nomination of the Democratic County Convention.

MR. EDITOR:—Announce the name of Isaac Grazier, of Napier township, as a candidate for the office of Director of the Poor, subject to the decision of the Democratic county convention.

We are authorized to announce Michael Diehl, of Colerain township, as a candidate for Poor Director, subject to a nomination from the Democratic county convention.

We are authorized to announce the name of Simon Brumbaugh, of Middle Woodberry township, as a candidate for Poor Director, subject to the decision of the Democratic county convention.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Cholera, Diarrhœa, and Dysentery!—A cure is warranted by Dr. Tobias' celebrated Venitian Liniment, if used when taken by persons of temperate habits. This medicine has been known in the United States over 20 years. Thousands have used it, and found it never failed to cure any complaint for which it was recommended and all those who first tried it, are now never without it. In the Cholera of 1848, Dr. Tobias attended 40 cases and lost 4, being called in too late to do any good.

Directions.—Take a teaspoonful in a wine-glass of water every half hour for two hours, and rub the abdomen and extremities well with Liniment. To allay the thirst, take a lump of ice in the mouth, about the size of a marble every ten minutes. It is warranted perfectly innocent to take internally. Sold by all druggists, price 40 and 80 cents. Depot, 56 Courtlandt st., New York.
may11,'66.—1m

A Single Box of Brandreth's Pills contains more vegetable extractive matter than twenty boxes of any pills in the world beside; fifty-five hundred physicians use them in their practice to the exclusion of other purgatives. The first letter of their value is yet scarcely appreciated. When they are better known, sudden death and continued sickness will be of the past. Let those who know them speak right out in their favor. It is a duty which will save life.

Our race are subject to a redundancy of vitiated bile at this season, and it is as dangerous as it is prevalent; but Brandreth's Pills afford an invaluable and efficient protection. By their occasional use we prevent the collection of those impurities which, when in sufficient quantities, cause so much danger to the body's health. They soon cure Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Pain in Head, Heartburn, Pain in the Breast-bone, Sudden Faintness and Costiveness. Sold by all respectable Dealers in Medicines. [may11,'66.-1m.

DEAD HEADS, or, in other words, heads whose once glorious locks have
Withered and Whitened,
can in a few moments be re-clothed with all their
Youthful Attractions,
by a single application of that wonderful talisman
Cristadoro's Hair Dye,
Grizzled whiskers and moustaches, ladies' curls, into which the snow of age has prematurely drifted, and red, sandy, or whitey-brown hair, receive, as if by magic, the rarest shades of black or brown from this harmless Botanical hair darker. Manufactured by J. CRISTADORO, 6 Astor House, New York. Sold by Druggists. Applied by all Hair Dressers. may11,'66.-1m.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.—The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure CURE for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS COLDS, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription, FREE, by return mail, will please address
REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburgh, Kings Co., New York.
Jan. 5, '66—1y.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.—A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertisers experience, can do so by addressing
JOHN B. OGDEN,
No. 13 Chambers St., New York.
Jan. 5, 66—1y.

STRANGE, BUT TRUE.—Every young lady and gentleman in the United States can hear something very much to their advantage by return mail (free of charge,) by addressing the undersigned. Those having fears of being humbugged will oblige by not noticing this card. Others will please address their obedient servant,
THOS. F. CHAPMAN,
831 Broadway, New York
Jan. 5, '66—1y

Notices, &c.

FOR SALE—VERY LOW—a second hand PIANO. Inquire of
apr.13,'66.—tf. C. N. HICKOK.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.—100 acres of excellent limestone land, about 15 acres well timbered, the remainder under cultivation, lying a few miles north of Bedford, for sale on reasonable terms. For particulars apply to MEYERS & DICKERSON.
may18.—3ms. Bedford, Pa.

CAUTION.—I hereby give notice that my wife, Annie S. Guthrie, (formerly Annie S. Stuckey, daughter of C. and R. Stuckey, near Bedford, Pa.,) deserted me, in my absence from Altoona, Knox county, Ills. I caution all persons from harboring or crediting her on my account, as I will not be responsible for any debts of her contracting. THOMAS GUTHRIE.
may18,—3t.*

BOUNTY, BOUNTY.—Soldiers! Congress is about to pass a law granting additional bounty! Those of you, therefore, who have not received bounty, and those who have received but $100, or less, will find it to their advantage to call on me THREE MONTHS', SIX MONTHS', and NINE MONTHS' MEN, come!
April, 6 1866. JOHN PALMER.

PERSONS knowing themselves indebted to us for advertising Administrators', Executors', Auditors' Notices, Orphans' Court sales and other sales of Real Estate, and for printing bills, &c., &c., will please call and settle for the same, as all such advertising and printing should be CASH MEYERS & MENGEL.
Feb 16, '66-tf.

TANNERS, ATTENTION!—A new Tannery, in good order, containing one pool, three limes, three hairs, five leaches, thirty-four lay-a-way vats, with the necessary number of handlers, in as good a location as can be found in Bedford county, for rent. For further information call at this office. Nov. 17, '65-tf

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS OF THE BEDFORD COUNTY OIL COMPANY.—Persons who subscribed to this company, by a resolution of the Board of Managers, are required to pay the first and last instalment, of the amount subscribed, on or before the 1st of May. The parties employed to sink the well are on the ground ready to operate and the money must be forthcoming. By order of the Company.
March 9-3m GEO. W. GUMP, Pres't.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Bedford county, Auditor, to make a distribution of the balance in the hands of Jacob Beckley, Administrator of Levi McGregor, late of St. Clair township, deceased, would respectfully give notice that he will attend to the duties of his appointment, at his office, in Bedford, on Wednesday, June 13th, A. D., 1866, at 11 o'clock, A. M., when and where all parties interested can attend if they think proper.
may25.—3t. M. A. POINTS, Auditor.

Fancy Stores.

REMOVAL.—CALL AND SEE NEW MILLINERY STORE!—Mrs. E. V. MOWRY would respectfully inform her old friends and customers, as well as the ladies generally, that she has removed her store to the fine rooms immediately opposite the Bedford Hotel, formerly occupied by J. Cessna, where she has just received a large and carefully selected assortment of
NEW MILLINERY and DRESS GOODS, and NOTIONS, consisting, in part, of
BONNETS and HATS,
RIBBONS, FLOWERS, &c.,
ALL WOOL DELAINES,
POPLINS, BEREGES,
ALPACAS, LAWNS,
CALICOES, &c.,
LADIES' COATS and SHAWLS,
BEST KID GLOVES,
SILK and THREAD Gloves,
COLLARS,
HOOP SKIRTS,
BALMORALS,
CORSETS, &c., &c.
Also, a fine assortment of LADIES', MISSES' and CHILDREN'S SHOES, made specially to order. These goods will be sold at the lowest prices, but for CASH only. Mrs. Mowry returns her thanks for past favors, and respectfully solicits a continuance of the patronage of the ladies of Bedford and vicinity. [apr.27,'66.

MRS. TATE AND MISS REA have returned from the city with the most beautiful assortment of
MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS,
ever before offered in this market. In addition to this they have with them a lady from Philadelphi, who has experience as *a practical Milliner* and having also arranged to have *a practical MANTUA-MAKER* from one of the city establishments, they are confident they can offer to their customers assurances of satisfaction which cannot be surpassed. [apr 20,'66.

MISS KATE DEAL & MRS. M. R. SCHAEFFER have just returned from the city with a fine assortment of fashionable
BONNETS,
HATS,
RIBBONS,
FLOWERS,
GLOVES
ladies' and gents' hose, ladies' and gents' handkerchiefs and collars, fancy neck-ties, ruffling dress buttons and trimming, machine silk and cotton, hair brushes, tooth brushes, clothes brushes, soaps, perfumery, enamel, skirt braid, embroidering braid, ladies' corsets and hoops, balmoral skirts, lace veils, tissue for veils, cloths for sacks, dress goods, poplins, lawns, ginghams, &c., &c.
Mantua-making and all kinds of Milliner work done in the *cheapest and best* manner.
may 11'66.

Stoves, &c.

B. M'C. BLYMYER. | GEO. BLYMYER.

IMPORTANT TO HOUSEKEEPERS!

STOVE EMPORIUM,
AND
TINWARE ESTABLISHMENT.

B. M'C. BLYMYER & Co.

Have just refitted and refurnished their splendid stock of Stoves and Tinware, at the old stand of Blymyer & Son, and persons in need of anything in their line will find it to their advantage to give them a call. They always keep on hand a full assortment of
PARLOR AND COOK STOVES,
with fixtures, together with the many different articles of
TIN AND TOILET WARE,
necessary for complete house furnishing purposes.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS
Should bear in mind that their orders will always be promptly attended to, and a full share of their patronage is solicited.

ROOFING AND SPOUTING
Done in the most approved manner, and on the shortest possible notice.

REPAIRING
Promptly attended to with neatness and dispatch.

The patrons and friends of the firm of BLYMYER & SON will find them elegantly fitted up on the corner lately occupied by Mrs Stewart, with a complete stock of Hardware, &c., always on hand. may11,'66

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!
—AT THE—
NEW GROCERY STORE,
On Julianna Street, 2 doors North of J. L. Lewis' Drug Store.

H. C. REAMER
Has just opened a large assortment of GROCERIES, consisting of superior
TEAS,
COFFEES,
SUGARS,
CHEESE,
MOLASSES
Detersive Soap,
Extra Family Soap,
Pickled Oysters, superior
Pickles, Fresh Peaches, Green Corn, Green Peas, Sardines and Macaronies, all kinds of Spices, Kellog's Mustard, Pepper, Alspice, Cloves, Ginger, Cinnamon, Mace, Ketchup, Worcestershire Sauce, Extracts, Lemon and Vanilla, Indigo and Indigo Blue, Corn Starch, Farmestock's unsurpassed Farina, all kinds of
Prunes, Figs, Raisins, Cherries, &c.
FISH of all kinds, not caught in the Juniata
Oranges and Lemons of the finest kind.
Ground Alum Salt, Washing Soda, Baking Soda, Candles, &c., &c.
☞ Give us a call, examine our goods, and we will try to accommodate you.
may18,'66. H. C. REAMER

PRINTERS' INK has made many a business man rich We ask you to try it in the columns of THE GAZETTE

The Bedford Gazette.

Local and Personal.

1866.	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.
Jan.	...	1	2	3	4	5	6
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	28	29	30	31	...	...	...
Feb.	...	...	...	...	1	2	3
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	25	26	27	28	...	...	...
Mar.	...	...	...	...	1	2	3
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
Apr.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	29	30	...	...	...	...	...
May	...	...	1	2	3	4	5
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
	27	28	29	30	31	...	...
June	...	...	...	...	...	1	2
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30

1866.	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.
July	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	29	30	31	...	...	...	...
Aug.	...	...	...	1	2	3	4
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	26	27	28	29	30	31	...
Sept.	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
	30	...	...	...	...	...	...
Oct.	...	1	2	3	4	5	6
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	28	29	30	31	...	...	...
Nov.	...	...	...	...	1	2	3
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	25	26	27	28	29	30	...
Dec.	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
	30	31	...	...	...	...	...

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

The following Business Directory for the borough of Bedford and other places in the county, *whose advertisements appear in the columns of* THE GAZETTE,) may be of service to our friends and patrons in the county, and is commended to their attention:

ATTORNEYS AT LAW—G. H. Spang; J. P. Reed; J. W. Tate; John Palmer; E. F. Kerr; Durborrow & Lutz; Espy M. Alsip; John T. Keagy & J. H. Filler; Kimmell & Lingenfelter, Meyers & Dickerson, Bedford, Pa.

BANKERS—Reed & Schell; Rupp, Shannon & Co., Bedford, Pa.

BOOTS AND SHOES, VARIETIES, &c.—J. H. Hatton; H. F. Irvine, Bedford, Pa.

BEDFORD NURSERIES—T. M. Lynch.

CABINET-WARE, CHAIRS, &c.—Richard Leo, Bedford, Pa.

CLOTHING—I. Lippel, Berkstresser & Smith, George Reimund, Bedford, Pa.

DRY-GOODS, GROCERIES, &c.—J. B. Farquhar; A. B. Cramer; J. M. Shoemaker; P. A. Reed, Defibaugh & Fisher, Bedford, Pa. Hershman & Greenbaum, St. Clairsville, &c.

DENTISTRY—C. N. Hickok & J. G. Minnich, Jr., Bedford, Pa.

DRUGGIST—J. L. Lewis, Bedford, Pa.

FANCY STORES—Mrs. V. B. Tate & Miss M. Rea; Mrs E. V. Mowry; Mrs. M. R. Schafer & Miss Kate Deal, Bedford, Pa.

GROCERIES—H. C. Reamer, George Mardorff, Bedford, Pa.

HARDWARE, &c.—Wm. Hartley; Geo. Blymyer & Son, Bedford, Pa.

HOTELS—Bedford Hotel, J. J. Shoemaker; Mengel House, I. Mengel; Union Hotel, V. Steckman Bedford, Pa.

JEWELER—Daniel Border, Bedford, Pa. John Reimund, Jeweler.

JOB PRINTERS—Meyers & Mengel, Bedford, Pa.—All kinds of Plain and Fancy Job Printing neatly and promptly executed.

PUMPS—Wm. C. Snively, Schellsburg, Pa.

PHYSICIANS—Dr. J. L. Marbourg, Bedford, Pa.; Drs. W. W. Jamison and P. H. Pennsyl, Bloody Run, Pa.

PATENT MEDICINES—Shriner's Cough Syrup and Indian Vermifuge; Foutz's Mixture and Horse and Cattle Powder; Wheaton's Ointment; Helmbold's Extract of Buchu; Dr. Tobias' Venitian Liniment; Allcock's Porous Plasters; Christadoro's Hair Dye; Mishler's Herb Bitters.

REAL ESTATE SALES—
F. C. Reamer—private sale
T. H. & N. J. Lyons, Private Sale.
Jacob Walter, Private,
C. N. Hickok, private sale.

STOVES, TINWARE, &c.—B. McC. Blymyer & Co., Bedford, Pa.

☞ Read the "New Advertisements" in this week's issue of THE GAZETTE.

☞ For Administrator's, Executor's, Auditor's notices, &c., see "Legal Notices."

☞ Read the advertisements under the head of Notices, &c."

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Democratic voters of Bedford county, are hereby requested to meet in their several election districts, on Saturday, the 16th day of June, for the purpose of electing two delegates from each election district in the county, which delegates will assemble at the Court House, in Bedford, on Tuesday, the 19th day of June, at 2 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of placing in nomination a county ticket to be supported by the voters of Bedford county, at the next general election; the only test of the right to vote at such delegate elections, to be qualification as a legal voter and sufficient assurance that the person offering to vote, will cast his ballot for the Democratic nominees at the October election. At the same times and places, Vigilance Committees for the ensuing year will also be elected, the names of the persons chosen to be returned to the Chairman of the Democratic County Committee. Delegate elections to open in the townships at 10 o'clock, A. M., and close at 5 P. M., and in the boroughs to open at 2 o'clock P. M., and close at 6 P. M.

E. F. KERR,
Ch'n Dem. Co. Com.

MARYLAND ABOLITIONISTS DIE HARD.—ATTEMPT TO NULLIFY THE RECENT MUNICIPAL ELECTION IN CUMBERLAND, MD.—The following letter which shows up the devilishness to which the followers of Thaddeus Stevens are compelled to resort, in order to retain their hold upon power, was intended for last week's paper, but came too late for that issue:

CUMBERLAND, MD., }
May 21, 1866. }

Dear Sir:—On Monday night last, I announced to you the victory which had been achieved by the Democracy of Cumberland, over the Abolitionists. If it were possible to be surprised and indignant at any outrage that the Abolition party would commit, I would be surprised and filled with indignation at the course which the defeated candidate of that party for Mayor, has thought proper to pursue. Under the Charter of the city, the Clerk of the Circuit Court administers the oath of office to the Mayor. It has been customary for the Mayor and Councilmen to qualify and take their seats on the first Monday in June. But the Abolition candidate, chagrined at his defeat, on Saturday last called on the Clerk of the Circuit Court and asked that the oath usually taken by the Mayor, should be administered to him. The Clerk administered the oath to him and I presume would administer the same oath to any citizen of Cumberland that would make a similar application. It requires no penetration to discover the object of the Abolition candidate in taking the oath at this time. It was, doubtless, at the suggestion of his Abolition friends, and forms a part of their programme, pained and distressed as they, doubtless, are, at the loss of the little patronage of which the recent election will deprive them. They are determined to seize the office, notwithstanding the emphatic verdict rendered against them by the people on Monday, the 14th of May, and place the legally elected Mayor and Councilmen, in the positions of contestants, notwithstanding the Judges of Election have duly returned and certified the election of the Democratic Mayor and Councilmen. The Abolitionists well know that if their defeated candidates can succeed by an illegal manner, in foisting themselves into positions despite the popular will, that before the illegality of their proceedings can be passed upon by a legal tribunal, the period for which the election was made, will have nearly expired. This programme is not original with the Abolitionists here, but is drawn from the practice and teachings of their illustrious chieftain, Thaddeus Stevens, of your State, whose humble followers and admirers they are. If my memory is correct, did not Thaddeus try the same programme in 1838, in your State? but did not also, a justly indignant and exasperated people cause him and his minions to make a cowardly, ignominious and disgraceful flight through the windows of the State Capitol. It would be well before the Abolitionists here, attempt such a plan, to recollect the failure of Stevens, who at that time covered himself with deserved ridicule and disgrace. Let them also remember that they cannot now, as in days gone by, invoke bayonets to aid them in an iniquitous attempt to suppress the popular will. Thanks to our patriotic President, we are again *Freemen* and mean to exercise all the prerogatives of *Freemen*. I have written you this letter in order that your Pennsylvania friends may have an idea how hard a Maryland Abolitionist dies, and to what disgraceful and unlawful means they will resort to retain ill-gotten power. Office obtained by such means, instead of being a badge of merit, becomes the livery of a slave.

Truly, your friend,
JACOB SNIDER.

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS.—The Huntingdon *Globe*, of a recent date, tells the following singular story: "Many years ago, as is kown by some of our oldest citizens, a robber by the name of Lewis infested the mountains in this vicinity, whose object in theiving, as is alleged, was to take from the rich and give to the poor. Be this as it may, many victims carrying with them large amounts of money, were waylaid by his band, Lewis thereby amassing a large sum of the golden treasure. Finally Lewis and a few of his comrades were captured and taken to the jail at Bellefonte, his band of thieves was disorganized, and Lewis expired in jail from the effects of a wound. Before his death he stated that he had buried a large sum of money somewhere near Jack's mountain, this county. One day last week, we are told, a man was seen going in the direction of Mount Union, near Mill Creek, having what appeared to be a heavy bundle under his arm, covered with a newspaper. It is supposed the bundle contained the money which Lewis had secreted. On the road near Mill Creek, a large stone might have been seen, beneath which it is supposed the treasure was buried, and there is where the man got it.—Two men were seen at the stone, a short time previous, who were trying to remove it. How it was discovered, is not positively known, but it is surmised that the same individual who was seen carrying the bundle has the features of a man who, about thirty years ago, lived on the premises, but who left shortly after the murder of a pedlar near the place. This is a strange development, but from all the evidence we are disposed to believe that the men have found a considerable amount of money under the stone. Nothing has been told us concerning the lucky man, since he has been seen trudging along with his budget.—The Shirleysburg *Herald* says that about the first of January Joshua Morgan, of Cromwell tp., thrashed a quantity of grain, and threw the straw on a pile in the barn-yard.—About the same time, a good sized sow, weighing about 200 pounds, mysteriously disappeared, and no trace of her could be found. A few days ago, having occasion to remove the straw, the sow was found underneath, standing erect, and still alive, though wasted away to a skeleton. She was about six feet from the surface of the pile in the nearest direction, and had worked a small cavity in the straw around her. She had been thus buried four months less four days. At last accounts she was doing well and was expected to recover.

DEATH OF CHARLES A BANNON.—We are pained to learn the death of Lieut. Charles A. Bannon, formerly of this place, but for some years a practitioner of law in the State of Iowa. An obituary signed "A Friend," gives the following tribute to his memory:

"When admitted to practice, he emigrated to Iowa, where he successfully practised his profession. But being a sincere lover of the Union, on the breaking out of the war, he gave up most brilliant prospects, and was foremost in raising a large company of volunteers, of which he was elected First Lieutenant. He participated, with his brave companions, in many hard battles, and endured much privation in defending the flag of his country, being sorely wounded at the battle of Pleasant Hill. He was an affectionate child, a fond brother, a true and generous friend, and a good citizen, truly beloved and respected by all. But he is gone, in the prime of manhood, from this valley of Death, to a better, happier home, strengthened by the Sacraments of His Church, and attended by a beloved brother who on hearing of his illness left his mother's residence at Germantown, near Philadelphia and arrived just two days before his death. May he rest in peace!"

SOLDIERS' CONVENTION.—The Soldiers of Bedford county met in the Court House, on Saturday last, in pursuance of the call which appeared in our paper of week before last. The meeting was organized by the appointment of Col. Alex. Compher, President; Captains T. H. Lyons, N. C. Evans, John Horn, and J. S. Stuckey, Vice Presidents; and J. T. Keagy, and Alex. Lyon, Secretaries. Col. J. H. Filler stated the object of the meeting in a neat and appropriate speech. The following committee on resolutions was then appointed: Lieuts. John B. Helm, Jacob Ketring, C. P. Calhoun, John Swartz, Levi Smith and Joseph C. Long and Espy Gollipher. After a short absence the committee, through their chairman, Mr. Long, reported the following resolutions:

Resolved, That we hold it to be the duty of government to make a just equalization of bounties, so that all who have served in the war against rebellion, veterans and drafted men alike may receive a fair compensation for their services, and that we will support no man for Congress or for the State legislature, who will not unequivocally declare in favor of such a measure.

Resolved, That the almost illimitable public domain, stretching to the Pacific, should be allotted as homesteads to those who perilled life and limb in preserving it from the grasp of the rebels.

Resolved, That the present allowance to the wounded veteran, and to the widows and orphans of those who have fallen in battle is altogether inadequate to their support, and we ask in their behalf that a generous and wealthy government will make ample compensation for them in the future.

Resolved, That in order to obtain the full measure of justice from Government, the Soldiers should organize, and press their claims upon all proper occasions, until they are fully satisfied.

Resolved, That we expect, in accordance with the oft repeated pledges and assurances made in time of war, that the claims of those who have faithfully served in the field, will not be overlooked in the bestowal of political favors in time of peace.

Resolved, That Col. Lewis A. May, Major D. W. Mullin, Capt. J. S. Stuckey, Capt. S. S. Metzger and Sergt. Scott W. Hughes, be the chosen delegates to represent the interests of the soldiers of Bedford County in the Soldiers' Convention to be held at Pittsburg on the 5th of June next, each of these delegates, being allowed the power of substitution.

GUILLAUME FOUCHE' calls the attention of the public, in Bedford, to the following dances, which he teaches, viz: Waltz, Hop Waltz, Spanish Dance, Polka, Schottish, Redowa, Polka Mazourka, Varsovienne, Gallopade, Esmeralda, Prince Imperial Quadrille, Lancers Quadrille, French Cotillon and German. *References*—Geo. W. Riggs, W. G. Freeman, President Georgetown College, and General Paine, M. C.—*Classes* for children from 4 o'clock, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, for gentlemen, from 7 o'clock, same days.

DEMOCRATIC BRASS BAND.—The young Democrats of this place have organized a splendid Brass Band, under the leadership of that gallant young soldier, Lawrence Defibaugh. Prof. G. Heffley, of Berlin, has been engaged for the past two weeks in teaching the band, with great success. On Monday evening last several serenades were given by the band, which were highly appreciated by all who heard them.

CHANGE OF POSTMASTERS.—Mr. N. H. Wright, the Radical postmaster at Alum Bank, this county, has been removed, and Mr. B. F. Horn appointed in his place. Mr. Horn is well qualified for the position and will make an excellent officer. All whom it may concern, please take notice.

IN TOWN.—Hon. A. H. Coffroth and J. P. Philson, Esq., of Somerset county, spent a few days with us in the early part of the week. Gen. Coffroth bears the afflictions of the present Congress without any apparent injury to his health.

PIANO, STOOL AND COVER FOR SALE.—The undersigned offers for sale a Piano, Stool and Cover for $35, or the Piano for $25, and the stool and cover for $10. Any one wishing a bargain, should call very soon.

C. N. HICKOK,
May 11-4t. Bedford, Pa.

KEYSTONE CLUB!

The regular monthly meeting of the Keystone Club will be held in the Court House, on Saturday evening next, June 24. A general turn-out is requested. The Democratic Brass Band will be in attendance.

JOB MANN, Prest.
H. NICODEMUS, Sec'y.

MARRIED.

HARBAUGH—WEAVER—On the 20th of May, at the residence of John Taylor, in St. Clair twp., by Rev. J. H. McGarrah, Emanuel Harbaugh and Margaret Weaver, both of Bedford county.

DIED.

BANNON—On the 21st of May, of Typhoid Fever, at his residence in Clarksville, Butler county, Iowa, Lieut. Charles A. Bannon, Attorney at Law, formerly of Bedford.

New Advertisements.

THE JUNIATA BASE BALL CLUB will hold its regular monthly meeting, at the Club Room, on Monday evening, June 4th, at 7½ o'clock. As important business is before the Club, a full attendance of the members is desired.

B. F. MEYERS, Prest.
H. W. FISHER, Sec'y. [junl.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Bedford county, to make distribution of the balance in the hands of David L. Rice, Administrator of the estate of Leonard Clitz late of Cumberland Valley township, deceased, would respectfully give notice that he will attend to the duties of his appointment, at his office in Bedford, on Friday, June 15, A. D., 1866, at 1 o'clock, P. M., when and where all parties interested can attend if they think proper. E. F. KERR, Auditor.

junl.-2t.

CONFECTIONERY AND GROCERY.—The undersigned would respectfully inform the public that he has just returned from the city with a carefully selected stock of GROCERIES and CONFECTIONERIES, all of which will be sold at the lowest cash prices.

The following are among the numerous articles which may be found at my store: All kinds of Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, Segars and Tobacco; Canned Peaches, Pears, Pine Apples, and Green Peas; Dried Peaches, Prunes, Raisins, Dates, Figs, Lemons, &c.

All sorts of Spices, Essences, Oils, Crackers and Cakes; Fancy Soaps, all varieties; Plain Candies, assorted, of every description, and Fruit Drops; fine Caudies of all kinds.

All of the above named articles, with many more, can be found one door East of the GAZETTE Office, and opposite H. F. Irvine's Register.

junl-3m. GEO. MARDORFF.

New Advertisements.

SELLING OFF AT COST!!

P. A. REED,

Intending to relinquish the Mercantile business, in Bedford,

IS CLOSING OUT HIS ENTIRE STOCK OF DRY GOODS, &c.,

AT COST!

A rare chance to buy goods, of all kinds, cheap.

Call and see.

junl,'66

THE THREE STORES!!

ANOTHER VETO!

THE HIGH PRICE BILL CAN'T PASS!

We have just received and have for sale at the lowest prices,

DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
QUEENSWARE,
HATS,
CLOTHING,
BOOTS and SHOES, &c.

We have the best

CALICOES

at the lowest prices.

FRENCH and AMERICAN LAWNS

at a great reduction.

Bleached and Unbleached

MUSLINS

incomparably low.

American and French

Ginghams,
Challies,
Delaines,
Cambrics,
Flannels,
&c., &c.,
in great variety.

MEN'S WEAR.

Jeans,
Cottonades,
Cassimeres,
Cloths,
Hosiery,
Gloves,
Handkerchiefs,

&c., &c., &c., &c.

GROCERIES.

SUGARS,
SYRUPS,
COFFEES,
TEAS,
SPICES,
RICE

and everything in the Grocery line.

Remember the Three Stores,

At ST. CLAIRSVILLE, at FISHERTOWN and at MOWRY'S MILL

Come one, Come all, and give us a call.

HERSHMAN & GREENBAUM.

junl.-3m.

Philadelphia Trade.

HENRY HARPER,
520 Arch Street,
PHILADELPHIA.

WATCHES.
Fine Gold JEWELRY,
Solid SILVER WARE,
and superior Silver Plated Ware, at Reduced Prices. [Mar.23.'66-3m.

1866. PHILADELPHIA 1866.
WALL PAPERS.
HOWELL & BOURKE, Manufacturers of Paper Hangings, and Window Shades, corner Fourth & Market Streets Philadelphia. Always in store, a large stock of Linen and Oil Shades.
March 2. 1866-3m

CARD.—LASH'S FIVE DOLLAR WASHING MACHINE is now offered to the public as the CHEAPEST, SIMPLEST and most EFFICIENT Washing Machine in the country.

The exclusive right for the sale of this machine in your own State or county, can be secured by applying soon at our store.

727 *Market Street*, PHILADELPHIA, PA.
J. S. LASH & Co.

Also, the best Clothes Wringer in the market, wholesale and retail.

☞ A very liberal discount to country merchants and dealers generally. [may18.-6t.

REDUCED PRICES.

The subscribers have just received a fresh invoice of

EMBROIDERED CLOTH
TABLE AND PIANO COVERS;
also from Auction,
LINEN SHEETINGS, TABLE DRAPERS, &c.,
—at—
Greatly Reduced Prices.
SHEPPARD, VAN HARLINGEN & ARRISON,
Importers and Dealers
In House-Furnishing Dry Goods,
No. 1008 Chestnut Street,
may 18.-1m. PHILADELPHIA.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

The subscribers are now receiving their Spring importation of

HOUSE FURNISHING DRY GOODS,

Comprising all the best varieties of

Linen and Cotton Sheetings,
Pillow and Bolster Casings,
Table Damask and Diapers,
Table Cloths, Napkins, Doylies,
Chamber and Bath Towels,
Towellings of all Descriptions,
Marseilles Quilts, Counterpanes,
Blankets, Table and Piano Covers,

And every other article of Furnishing Dry Goods required to commence housekeeping or supply the wants of a family.

Spring Hosiery and Merino Goods,

The subscriber, with increased facilities for the transportation of the HOSIERY DEPARTMENT of their business, invite attention to their ample and well selected stock of

Ladies', Gentlemen's and Children's Hosiery,
Merino and Silk Vests, Drawers, etc.

New stock and at the Reduced Prices.

SHEPPARD, VAN HARLINGEN & ARRISON,
No. 1008 Chestnut Street,
may 18.-1m. PHILADELPHIA.

Legal Notices.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration have been granted to the subscriber on the estate of John Bridges, late of Southampton township, Bedford county, dec'd. all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make payment, and those having claims thereon will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

apr.27,-6t. BENTON BRIDGES, Adm'r.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration have been granted by the Register of Bedford county, to the undersigned, on the estate of Michael Fry, late of Union township, deceased.

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims can present them duly authenticated for settlement.

may 4,-6t. JOHN M. CLAAR, Adm'r.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue of a writ of a *test. vend exponas* to me directed, there will be sold at the Court House, in the borough of Bedford, on Saturday, the 9 h day of June, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following real estate, viz: One lot of ground in the town of Coaldale, fronting on Fulton street, adjoining an alley on the east, and on the west by lot belonging to James Eichelberger. 100 feet front and 120 feet back, with a two story Frame House and a Frame Stable thereon erected, situate in Broadtop township, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of Lemuel Evans.

JOHN ALDSTADT, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, May 18,'66.-4t.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF BEDFORD BOROUGH.—John H. Rush, Esq., Treasurer of Bedford Borough, in account with said borough, from May 1, A. D., 1865, to May 1, 1866.

Treasurer.	*Dr.*
To balance in Treasury at last settlement,	$27 29
To cash received from S. Reimund, Weigh Master,	51 00
To cash received for Circus Licenses,	20 00
" " " from H. Nicodemus, collector, tax for 1864,	387 45
" " " from same, for 1864,	455 82
	$931 56

The Treasurer asks credit for the following disbursements for the use of said borough of Bedford:

Treasurer	*Cr.*
By amount paid on sundry checks, as follows, viz:	
Wal. Brown, for work done on Richard st.	$21 75
R. R. Sill, for auditing borough account,	3 00
Lewis Saupp, " " "	3 00
Wm. Bowles, for wheel-barrow,	5 00
James Corboy, for salary to April 21, '65,	25 00
W. Stahl, for making draft frames,	2 00
James Corboy, work, &c., horse, cart, &c.	50 62
B. F. McNeil, printing,	10 00
V. Steckman, rail got of S. Amick,	1 50
J H Hutton, auditing borough account,	3 00
W Brown, work done on Richard street,	21 00
James Corboy, salary to May 1,'65,(1 mo.)	25 00
" " carting, &c.,	43 87
Wm Boher, two days work,	3 00
D Border, winding town clock (1 y) & rep's	25 00
Lawrence Defibaugh, mending hydrant,	6 50
Abram Herman " " "	2 10
John Aldstadt, lodging prisoners in jail,	6 31
B F Meyers, printing,	16 70
James Corboy, carting dirt,	39 15
J Corboy, salary to Nov.4,'65,(2m&16 d)	65 35
J L Lessig, curbing front of lots of Lyons, Reamer and Rev. Hayden.	132 00
Jno Mower, acting street commissioner,	6 00
David Defibaugh, repairing hydrants in July and August, 1865,	8 00
D Border, repairing hydrants,	5 00
James Corboy, carting dirt, horse and cart,	18 56
" " carting dirt on streets,	7 50
" " salary to Jan.1,'66,(1 m & 18 d)	42 28
A J Diehong, blacksmithing,	22 82
Jno Palmer, salary as clerk, stamps, light, fuel, stationery, &c.,	30 00
J Corboy, carting, cleansing engine, &c.,	9 56
" " salary, working on streets, attending hydrants, &c.,	79 19
" salary as high constable for 1865,	20 00
W Harris, soldering hydrants, &c.,	1 75
Lawrence Defibaugh, mending hydrants,	1 00
Samuel Boher, carting dirt,	16 08
J W Lingenfelter, acting street commissioner	9 00
John H Rush, printing done by Durborrow & Lutz, for weigh-master,	5 00
J Aldstadt, keeping disorderly persons in jail,	2 93
John H Rush, salary as Treasurer to April 1, 1865,	20 00
Bank of Crawford county, uncurrent (on hand),	5 01
Exoneration and commissions for 1864,	58 8
Balance (cash) in the Treasury,	7 43
	$931 56

BEDFORD BOROUGH COUNTY FUND.

Treasurer	*Dr.*
To amount received from H. Nicodemus, Esq., collector,	$1049 00
Treasurer	*Cr.*
By amount paid J B Farquhar, for Bond No. 6, $500. Interest $24 50,	$524 50
By amount paid J B Farquhar, for Bond No. 7, $500. Interest, $24.50,	524 50
	$1049 00

Statement of Money due Bedford Borough.

Balance in Treasury,	$7 43
Bank of Crawford county, (uncurrent),	5 00
Amount due from Jno Boor, former weigh-master.	9 45
Amount due from H. Nicodemus, Esq., collector for 1865, subject to exonerations and commissions,	388 98
Amount due from H. Nicodemus, Esq., collector for 1865, bounty fund, subject to exonerations and commissions	2401 31
	$2812 17

We, the undersigned, Auditors of Bedford Borough, do hereby certify that we met and did audit and adjust the account of John H. Rush, Esq., Treasurer of said borough, for the year ending May 1, A. D., 1866, as contained in the foregoing statements, and we have examined the foregoing account due to said borough, and that we have found the same correct. As witness our hands this tenth day of May, A. D., 1866.

R. R. SILL,
J. HENRY HUTTON,
J. REED YEAGER.
Attest:
JOHN PALMER, Cl'k. Auditors

may18.

REDUCTION IN PRICE OF THE *AMERICAN WATCHES,*
Made at WALTHAM, Mass.

In consequence of the recent great decline in gold and silver and all the materials used in the manufacture of our goods, and in anticipation of a still further decline, we have reduced our prices to as low a point as they can be placed

With Gold at Par,

so that no one need hesitate to buy a watch now from the expectation that it will be cheaper at some future time. The test of ten years and the manufacture and sale of

More than 200,000 Watches,

have given our productions the very highest rank among time-keepers. Commencing with the determination to make only thoroughly excellent watches, our business has steadily increased as the public became acquainted with their value, until for months together, we have been unable to supply the demand. We have repeatedly enlarged our factory buildings until they now cover over three acres of ground, and give accommodation to more than eight hundred workmen.

We are fully justified in stating that we now make make *more than one half of all the Watches sold in the United States.* The different grades are distinguished by the following trade-marks engraved on the plate:

1. "American Watch Co.," Waltham, Mass.
2. "Appleton, Tracy & Co.," Waltham, Mass.
3. "P. S. Bartlett," Waltham, Mass.
4. "Wm. Ellery."
5. Our Ladies' Watch of first quality is named "Appleton, Tracy & Co.," Waltham, Mass.
6. Our next quality of Ladies' Watch is named "P. S. Bartlett," Waltham, Mass. These watches are furnished in a great variety of sizes and styles of cases.

The American Watch Co., of Waltham, Mass., authorize us to state that without distinction of trade marks or price,

All the Products of their Factory are fully warranted

to be the best time keepers of their class ever made in this or any other country. Buyers should remember that unlike the guarantee of a foreign maker who can never be reached, this warantee is good at all times against the Company or their agents, and that if after the most thorough trial, any watch should prove defective in any particular, it may always be exchanged for another. As the American Watches made at Waltham, are for sale by dealers generally throughout the country, we do not solicit orders for single watches.

CAUTION—The public are cautioned to buy only of respectable dealers. All persons selling counterfeits will be prosecuted.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
Agents for the American Watch Company,
may11,'66.-1m. 182 Broadway, N. Y.

THE BEDFORD GAZETTE is the best Advertising Medium in Southern Pennsylvania.

Dry-Goods, Groceries, &c.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

'WAY DOWN BELOW THE 'GROUND FLOOR.'

BOUGHT JUST AT THE RIGHT TIME AND TO BE SLAUGHTERED AT ONCE AT VERY LOW PRICES!

The following comprise a few of our goods:

DRY GOODS.

Good Calicoes at 10 cts.,
Very desirable at 16 cts,
Sold very often for best at 20 cts.
Best Makes at 22 cts,
French Lawns at 50 cts,
American Lawns at 55 cts.

Unbleached Muslin—heavy—3-4 at 15 cents,
" " " 7-8 at 18 "
" " very " 7-8 at 22 "
" " " 4-4 at 20 "
" " extra " 4-4 at 25 "

Bleached Muslin from 15 cents up.
American and French Ginghams,
Challies, Delaines, all colors, half wool,
All wool Delaines all colors,
Barred and Plain Cambric Brilliants,
Nansook Swiss, &c., Alpacas, &c., &c.
Bed Ticking at 25, 50 and best at 60 cents.
Sheeting Check at 25 cents—best at 31 cents.
All kinds of Flannels.

MEN'S WEAR.

Jeans 31 cents and upwards.
Cottonade from 25 cents up.
All wool Cassimeres from 90 cts. up,
Great bargains in Cloths.
Hosiery, Gloves, Dress Buttons, Handkerchiefs,
A large lot of Paper Collars, glazed and plain.

LADIES' HOOP SKIRTS.

GROCERIES:

Best Crushed Sugar	20	cents.
" Granulated "	20	"
" Pulverized "	20	"
" A "	19	"
" B "	18	"
" C "	17	"
Brown Sugar, fair article,	12	"
" good "	14	"
" extra "	15	"
" prime "	16	"

Syrups, 60 cts., $1.00, 1.50 and best Lovering 1.60.
Prime Rio Coffee at 30 cents.
Extra " " at 33 "
Tea, Rice, Spices, of all kinds, &c., &c., &c., &c.

DYE-STUFFS:
Extract of Logwood, Alum, Copperas, Madder, Indigo, &c.

TOBACCO:
Congress, Twist, Navy, Oronoco, Graveley's Natural Leaf, &c., a good article of Segars, and Smoking Tobacco.

FISH:
Mackerel in half barrels,
" " quarter "
" " eight "
Potomac Herring.

QUEENSWARE:
A general assortment of all kinds of Queensware.

HATS:
Summer Hats from 12½ cents up, all prices and sizes.
A large assortment of Wool and Fur Hats for Men and Boys, all sizes and prices.

CLOTHING:
A general assortment of Men's and Boys' clothing, at prices to suit the times.

BOOTS AND SHOES:
A general assortment of Ladies' Gaiters, Boots and Shoes.
Misses' and Children's Shoes, all kinds.
Men's and Boy's " "

LEATHER:
A prime article of Red Sole Leather at 40 cents a pound; Calf Skins, Lining Skins, Upper Leather, &c.

CEDAR WARE:
Tubs, Buckets, Brooms, &c., &c.

COTTON CHAIN:
All numbers, at $3 50 a bundle.

STATIONERY:
Letter, Cap and Note Paper, Envelops, Window Paper, plain and patterns.

☞ Don't fail to call and see us, at No. 1, Anderson's Row.

J. M. SHOEMAKER.

may25,'66.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!—The undersigned have now opened a large and general assortment of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

to which they respectfully invite the attention of buyers, assuring them they will find

BARGAINS

in every department of our stock.

TERMS:

CASH PREFERRED.

By special agreement a credit of six months can be had.

INTEREST CHARGED

on all accounts after period named.

may4,'66. A. B. CRAMER & CO.

Clothing, etc.

This is a special invitation to the reader to call at the
BEDFORD CLOTHING EMPORIUM,
and examine our stock of
Ready-made Clothing,
Hats and Caps,
Piece Goods,
Prices to suit the buyers.
BERKSTRESSER & SMITH.
apr.27,'66.

CLOTHING EMPORIUM.—GEO. REIMUND, Merchant Tailor, Bedford, Pa., keeps constantly on hand ready-made clothing, such as coats, pants, vests, &c.; also a general assortment of cloths, cassimeres, and gents' furnishing goods of all kinds; also cutlines, muslins, &c., all of which *will be sold low for cash.* My room is a few doors west of Fyan's store and opposite Rush's marble yard. I invite *all*, to give me a call. I have just received a stock of new goods.

may25,'66.

BACK AGAIN!—GREAT BARGAINS!—ISAAC LIPPEL having returned to Bedford with a large and varied stock of ready-made Clothing, all styles and sizes, and also a large supply of Dry Goods and Groceries, invites his old friends and the public generally to call at his store, in the old stand, one door east of Dr. W. H. Watson's office and examine his goods. All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for goods

may4,'66.

MAMMOTH SALE BILLS, printed at short notice. Large Bills make large sales. We know it to be so. TRY IT! It will much more than pay the *extra expense* of printing. Call at THE GAZETTE JOB OFFICE

THE Local circulation of the BEDFORD G

Miscellaneous.

1866! PROSPECTUS 1866!

OF

"THE AGE,"

The only Democratic Daily Journal in Philadelphia.—Great Improvements and Great Inducements.—Union, Restoration, and Constitutional Liberty.

The publishers of THE AGE respectfully call attention to the Daily and Weekly issues of their popular journal.

The Daily Age contains the latest intelligence from all parts of the world, with articles on Government, Politics, Trade, Finance, and all the current questions of the day; Local Intelligence, Market Reports, Prices Current, Stock Quotations, Marine and Commercial intelligence, Reports of Public Gatherings, Foreign and Domestic Correspondence, Legal Reports, Book Notices, Theatrical Criticisms, Reviews of Literature, Art and Music, Agricultural Matters; and discussions of whatever subjects are of general interest and importance.—Besides special telegrams, it has all the dispatches of the Associated Press from every part of the United States, and the news from all parts of Europe, brought by the steamers, is instantly telegraphed from the point the steamers first touch.

Terms of the Daily.—One copy, one year, $9.00; six months, $4 50; three months, $2 50; for any less period, at the rate of one dollar per month. Payment required invariably in advance. Postage on the Daily, thirty cents per quarter, or one dollar and twenty cents per annum, if prepaid.

The Weekly Age will be a complete compendium of the news of the week, and besides the leading editorials from the Daily, will contain a large amount of interesting matter prepared expressly for the weekly issue. It will be in all respects a first class family journal, particularly adapted to the Politician, the Farmer, the Merchant, the Mechanic, the Family Circle and the General Reader, having, in fact, every characteristic of a live newspaper. At an early day will be begun an intensely interesting serial, by one of the most popular and fascinating authors, and it is also the intention to publish, from week to week, in the course of the year, three or four of the best and latest novels.

Terms of the Weekly.—One copy, one year, $2; five copies, one year, $9; ten copies, one year, $17 50; twenty copies one year, $33. To clubs, where the papers are sent to one address, the following reduction will be made: Ten copies, one year, $16 50; twenty copies, one year, $30. A copy will be furnished gratis for each of ten, or more, to one address, for one year. Payment required invariably in advance. Postage on the Weekly, five cts per quarter, or twenty cents per annum, is prepaid.

☞ The Weekly Age will be the great campaign paper of the Democratic Conservative Party of Pennsylvania, and will earnestly support the President in his patriotic efforts in behalf of Union, Restoration and Constitutional Liberty.

☞ The above terms will be rigidly adhered to. Specimen copies of the Daily and Weekly sent gratis, on application at this office. Please write the name and address plainly, and specify distinctly whether the Daily or Weekly is ordered.

Address WELSH & ROBB,
may18 } 430 Chestnut st., Philadelphia.

ALLEGHANY MALE AND FEMALE SEMINARY,
RAINSBURG, BEDFORD COUNTY, PA.

J. W. HUGHES, } *Principals and Proprietors.*
J. A. STEWART. }

The Spring Quarter of this Institution will open *TUESDAY, APRIL 10th, 1866.*

This Institution is very pleasantly situated in Friend's Cove, 8 miles from Bedford, the terminus of the Huntingdon and Bedford Rail Road, and 24 miles from Cumberland, a station on the North Central Rail Road. Rainsburg is a small, quiet, and exceedingly healthy town, in the midst of beautiful scenery, and sufficiently removed from the influence of large towns and cities to render it a most desirable location for a Literary Institution. Its inhabitants are moral and religious, and there are few temptations to vice, idleness or dissipation; situated in a rich agricultural section, this Institution for Young Ladies and Gentlemen, is decidedly the *cheapest* in the country. It is organized on the most approved plan of the best Institutions of the land; its main object is, to impart *sound learning*. All branches, Scientifical, Classical and Ornamental, taught. The mental and moral culture are carefully attended to, and (without sectarian prejudices) a due respect for religion is inculcated both by precept and example. "In things necessary, unity; in things doubtful, liberty; and in all things, charity." For circular and information, Address HUGHES & STEWART.
Rainsburg, Bedford Co., Pa.
March 2, '66

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the name of J. B. Williams & Brother, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons owing accounts or notes to said firm will please call and settle immediately, as in a short time they will be placed in other hands for collection J. B. WILLIAMS,
S. D. WILLIAMS.
Bloody Run, March 15, '65.

The undersigned having taken the stand heretofore occupied by J. B. Williams & Brother, wishes to say to his friends that he feels grateful for past favors and begs a continuance of the same. But will give notice that he cannot sell goods on long credits, and persons buying must not leave their accounts stand over six months.
J. B. WILLIAMS.
Bloody Run, March 15, '65

PUMPS!!!

I am engaged in selling the
ERIE PUMP—
certainly the only pump
well adapted to this
climate
Persons in need of a
GOOD PUMP,
will do well to give me a call.

☞ Orders from all parts of the county attended to with promptness.

ADDRESS:
WM. C. SNIVELY,
Schellsburg
Aug. 1, '65—1y

ATTENTION, COAL-CONSUMERS!—The undersigned having leased the collieries of the Riddlesburg Coal and Iron Company, for a period of years, are now prepared to furnish a better article of coal than has ever been mined at those collieries. We desire to call the attention of the people of Bedford county and the public generally, to this fact and that we will furnish, on the shortest notice, and at the lowest price, at Bloody Run, or Mt. Dallas, or any station on the Huntingdon and Broad Top R. R., any quantity of Coal that may be desired.
LANGDON & GLAZIER.
apr.20.—3m. Riddlesburg, Pa.

THE GREAT CAUSE OF HUMAN MISERY—Just published in a sealed envelope. Price six cents.
A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment and Radical cure of Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally. Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c. By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., Author of the "Green Book," &c.

The world renowned author, in this admirable Lecture clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-Abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically. THIS LECTURE WILL PROVE A BOON TO THOUSANDS AND THOUSANDS.

Sent under seal, to any address, in a plain, sealed envelop, on the receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, by addressing
CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, N. Y., Post Office Box 4586.
Feb 16, '66—1y

LETTER HEADS AND BILL HEADS, and ENVELOPES for business men, printed in the best style of the art, at THE GAZETTE JOB OFFICE.

A RARE CHANCE IS OFFERED ALL PERSONS
to display their Goods;
To sell their Goods:
To gather information;
To make known their wants;
&c., &c. &c. &c., &c., &c., &c., &c.,
by advertising in the columns of THE GAZETTE.

SLIP BILLS, PROGRAMMES, POSTERS, and all kinds of PLAIN AND FACY JOB PRINTING, done with neatness and despatch, at THE GAZETTE office.

SIDICIOUS ADVERTISING, by business men, is the secret of success. Remember Stephen Girard.

MERCHANTS and MECHANICS, and Business men generally will advance their own interests by advertising in the columns of THE GAZETTE.

ORDERS from a distance for any kind of JOB PRINTING promptly attended to. Send to THE GAZETTE JOB OFFICE, Bedford, Pa.

EVERY VARIETY AND STYLE OF JOB PRINTING neatly executed at low rates at THE BEDFORD GAZETTE office. Call and leave your orders.

Medical.

$100 REWARD!

I will pay to any Doctor or member of the Medical Fraternity, the sum of $100 for any Compound that possesses more medicinal virtues and curative powers than Mishler's Herb Bitters.
B. MISHLER, Proprietor,
S. E. Corner of Centre Square,
may11.—1y. Lancaster, Pa.

$100 REWARD!

I will pay $100 Reward for the discovery of any medicinal preparation that can cure a greater variety of complaints than Mishler's Herb Bitters.
B. MISHLER, Proprietor,
S. E. Corner of Centre Square,
may11.—1y Lancaster, Pa.

500 DOLLARS REWARD!

I will pay $500 to the Proprietor of any Medicine that can show a greater number of genuine Certificates of cures effected by it near the place where it is made than MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS—of Consumption, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Bloody Flux, Diarrhœa, Typhoid, Remittent, Intermittent and Bilious Fevers, Fever and Ague, Cholera Morbus, Yellow Jaundice, Scrofula, Running or Sore Legs, Cancer, Abscess, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Coughs, Colds, Cramp in the Stomach, Chronic Diarrhœa, Piles, Tetter, Scald Head, Ophthalmia, or falling away-sickness peculiar to children, Leucorrhea, Falling of the Womb, all obstructions to the due course of nature in females, all venereal diseases, and all complaints arising from impure Blood or a weak and disordered state of the Stomach, Liver or Kidneys. Certificates of cures of the Yellow Fever in Mexico can also be furnished. *Remember* if it does not cure, the money will be refunded by the proprietor.
BENJAMIN MISHLER,
S. E. Corner of Centre Square,
Lancaster, Pa.

SEND FOR A CIRCULAR.

The ingredients used in compounding Mishler's Herb Bitters are not kept secret by the Proprietor. Send for a circular and you will learn the medical properties of all the articles used in its preparation; also in the manner in which they operate on the system, and much other valuable information. If you are afflicted with disease send for one of Mishler's Herb Bitters Circulars; read it carefully, profit by the hints it contains, and you will be placed on the sure road of recovery.
may11.—1y.

MISHLER'S BITTERS
WILL
CURE ALL DISEASES OF THE SKIN!

Diseases of the skin are numerous and, with but one or two exceptions, may all be traced to impurity of the blood. In many persons this impurity is born in the system; while others acquire it through improper treatment of scores of diseases. Under this head may be classed—

1st. Scrofula.—This disease is hereditary and is transmitted from generation to generation. It is caused by a transgression of the laws of nature, both moral and physical; in other words, it is caused by *vice*. Acting as a latent poison, it reduces the vitality of the blood, and weakens the depurating organs, so that they fail to discharge or cast out the impurities that are continually generating in the system. A person physically pure acquires gonorhœa, or some other secret disease; he undergoes a course of mercury, the disease is dried up, and the patient pronounced well. Vain delusion. The complaint is not cured, it is channel is only diverted. Instead of making its appearance outwardly, it acts on the internal organs, and scrofula, which is bequeathed from father to son, is the result. Many persons who are perfectly free from all immorality and vice are afflicted with scrofula. They are suffering for the sins of their fathers and laboring under the curse inscribed inscribed in the Book of Books. "I will visit the iniquities of the fathers upon their children."

To cure this dreadful complain it is necessary that the blood should be thoroughly purified, all the organs of the body brought into a healthy state of action, and the system braced up and strengthened by invigorating tonics. Look at the articles used in compounding Mishler's Bitters; see the array of purifying and invigorating medicaments, and say whether there is an article in the whole list of medicines that equals it. We here emphatically assert, without fear of contradiction, that

Mishler's Bitters will Cure all kinds of Scrofulous Diseases.

It purifies the blood, it strengthens the internal organs and aids them to perform their natural functions, it is a stimulant and a tonic and it will cure Scrofula.

2d, Running Sores and Ulcers.—Running sores and ulcers invariably indicate a scrofulous taint. They are caused by the efforts of nature to discharge the impurities of the blood. Many persons afflicted with running sores and ulcers succeeded in drying them up and think they are cured when the skin grows over the sore. They are, however, "but making bad worse," for the impurities that were discharged from the system through the medium of the sore now act internally and cause innumerable diseases and often death. The only true and sure cure for all running sores and ulcers is Mishler's Bitters, a continued and persevering use of which will most certainly effect a *permanent cure*.

3d. Salt Rheum.—Salt Rheum is a vague, indefinite, though, popular term given to almost all the non-febrile eruptions of the skin which afflict adults. It is generally an eruption of vesicles in small, distinct ulcers, accompanied with a smarting, tingling sensation, with a tendency to creep or spread over the adjoining surface. Mishler's Bitters are a sure cure for this disease.

4th. Pimples and Blotches.—Pimples and Blotches on the skin are always a sure sign of impure blood. Although never dangerous, except in cases of carbuncles, they are very disagreeable.—Often we will see the most handsome features rendered hideous by great blotches and pimples, and instead of the pleasing look which should irradiate the human face we see nothing but disgusting corruption; for pimples and blotches are nothing but the corrupt accumulations of the system expelled through the medium of the skin. The use of Mishler's Bitters will force these corruptions to be discharged through the natural channels, and thus cures all kinds of pimples and blotches. Ladies who desire a fair complection, free from pimples should bear this fact in mind.

For sale by J. L. LEWIS, Druggist, Bedford, Pa.
may11.—1y.

AGENTS WANTED in every town
TO SELL THE FOLLOWING
VALUABLE SOUTHERN HISTORIES.

SOUTHERN
HISTORY OF THE WAR.
BY
E. A. POLLARD, *Editor Richmond Examiner.*
2 Vols., 8vo., about 675 pages each. $3.50 per vol.
With 20 Splendid Steel Portraits.

This is the only complete and authentic history of the Southern side published, extending as it does, from the beginning of the war to the final surrender of the Confederate armies.

Mr. POLLARD'S prominent position in the Confederacy has enabled him to prepare a work unequaled in accuracy and interest, and which is everywhere acknowledged to be the

STANDARD SOUTHERN HISTORY.

It should find a place in every library.

—II.—

SOUTHERN GENERALS:
THEIR LIVES AND CAMPAIGNS,
By CAPT. W. PARKER SNOW.
With 17 Splendid Steel Portraits,
1 Vol. 8vo.; 500 pages, $4.00.

Containing Biographies of the distinguished Southern Generals, with full and graphic accounts of the various campaigns in which they were engaged. It is a most important and interesting volume, and has been prepared with the utmost care and thoroughness.

—III—

Life, Services and Campaigns of
STONEWALL JACKSON:
BY A VIRGINIAN.
1 Vol. 12mo.; 325 pages, $1.50.
WITH AUTHENTIC PORTRAITS OF JACKSON, and his successor EWELL, on Steel.

This is the only authentic history of this distinguished leader which has been written. It has been prepared from Official Reports, contemporary narratives, and personal acquaintance, and is complete and full.

—IV—

The Raids and Romances of
MORGAN AND HIS MEN:
BY MRS. SALLY ROCHESTER FORD.
With Steel Portrait of Gen. Morgan,
1 Vol. 12mo.; 425 pages, $1.75. A complete history of this daring officer, more thrilling and interesting than fiction.

—V—

WOMEN OF THE SOUTH,
Distinguished in Literature,
1 Vol 8vo.; 511 pages. $3.50.
Illustrated with Splendid Portraits, on Steel, from Life, of
MME. OCTAVIA WALTON LE VERT,
MISS MARIA J. MCINTOSH.
MRS. ROSA VERTNER JOHNSON,
MRS. ANNA CORA RITCHIE,
MISS AUGUSTA J. EVANS.
MRS. L. VIRGINIA FRENCH,
MARION HARLAND,
And containing full biographical sketches and specimen extracts from the most celebrated writings in prose and verse, of
35 *Distinguished Literary Women of the South.*

All the above works are having an immense sale, and agents are doing splendidly everywhere. Many are making from $10 to $15 a day.

We want an agent in every town in the Southern States. Returned Soldiers, Ladies, Teachers and others, will find this most profitable employment.

Exclusive territory given, and liberal inducements offered to canvassers. For full particulars, address C. B. RICHARDSON,
Publisher, 24 Broadway, N. Y.

Publications.

ECLECTIC MAGAZINE.—LITERATURE, SCIENCE AND ART.—New Volume begins January, 1866.

The ECLECTIC MAGAZINE is, as its name indicates, a *selection* from other magazines and periodicals. These selections are carefully made each month, from the entire range of foreign Periodicals. In this respect it is *entirely unlike other monthlies*, and has no rival. The following are some of the works from which selections are made:—

London Quarterly,	Revue de deux Mondes,
British Quarterly,	London Society,
North British Review,	Bentley's Miscellany,
Pop. Science Review,	Cornhill Magazine,
Saturday Review,	Fraser's Magazine,
Leisure Hour,	Temple Bar,
Westminster Review,	Chambers' Journal,
Dub. University Magazine,	Edinburg Review,
Art Journal,	London National Rev.

We have also arranged to secure choice selections from the FRENCH, GERMAN AND OTHER CONTINENTAL PERIODICALS, translated especially for the ECLECTIC, and it is hoped this new feature will add greatly to the variety and value of the work.

EMBELLISHMENTS.

Each number is embellished with one or more *Fine Steel Engravings*—portraits of eminent men or illustrative of important events.

Volumes commence in January and July of each year; subscriptions can commence with any month.

TERMS: $5 per year; Single numbers, 50 cents. Five copies, $20.

The Trade, Clergymen, Teachers and Clubs supplied on favorable terms. Address
W. H. BIDWELL,
Dec 22 5 Beekman St., New York.

BRITISH PERIODICALS.

PREMIUMS TO NEW SUBSCRIBERS!

The London Quarterly Review (*Conservative*)
The Edinburg Review (*Whig*)
The Westminster Review (*Radical.*)
The North British Review (*Free Church.*) And
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine (*Tory.*)

TERMS FOR 1866.	per an.
For any of the Reviews	$4 00
For any two of the Reviews	7 00
For any three of the Reviews	10.00
For all four of the Reviews	12.00
For Blackwood's Magazine	4.00
For Blackwood and one Review	7.00
For Blackwood and any two of the Reviews	10 00
For Blackwood and three of the Reviews	13.00
For Blackwood and the four Reviews	15.00

The interest of these Periodicals to American readers is rather increased than diminished by the articles they contain on our late *Civil War*, and though sometimes tinged with prejudice, they may still, considering their great ability and the different stand points from which they are written, be read and studied with advantage by the people of this country, of every creed and party.

Premiums to New Subscribers.

New Subscribers to any two of the above periodicals for 1866 will be entitled to receive, gratis, any *one* of the "*Four Reviews*" for 1865. New Subscribers to all five of the Periodicals for 1866, will receive gratis, any *two* of the "*Four Reviews*" for 1865.

Subscribers may also obtain back numbers at the following reduced rates, viz:

Blackwood from September, 1864, to December, 1865, inclusive, at the rate of $2.50 a year.

The *North British* from January, 1863, to December, 1865, inclusive; the *Edinburgh* and the *Westminster* from April, 1864, to December, 1865, inclusive, and the *London Quarterly* for the year 1865, at the rate of $1.50 a year for each or any Review.

☞ A few copies yet remain of *all the Four Reviews* for 1863 at $4.00 a *set*, or $1.50 for any one. LEONARD SCOTT & Co.,
Publishers, 38 Walker Street, N. Y.

ENLARGEMENT!

The only Democratic Magazine published in the United States.

PROSPECTUS OF VOL. IV.—1866.

THE OLD GUARD,
A MONTHLY MAGAZINE,
DEVOTED TO
Literature, Science and Art, and the Political Principles of 1776 and 1787.

C. CHAUNCEY BURR, EDITOR.

JANUARY NUMBER READY DEC. 16.

CONTENTS:

STEEL PLATE PORTRAIT OF GEN. R. E. LEE.
THE SCIENCE OF PUBLIC OPINION,
PEN PICTURES OF PURITANISM,
DUCHOMMAR AND MORNA.—(Poetry.)
A NATIONAL "EVIL" THAT IS A NATIONAL BLESSING,
SOME FACTS ABOUT SOUTHERN AGGRESSIONS,
POPE AND COLERIDGE,
CHILDHOOD IN FRANCE AND ENGLAND,
THE EXCELLENCE OF IMPUDENCE,
HOW THE WORLD TREATS ITS THINKERS,
WHAT THE SHADOW SAID TO THE DREAMER,
THE CRIME OF WAR—(Poetry.)
EX-PRESIDENT BUCHANAN'S BOOK,
FAREWELL—(Poetry,)
SHOOTING AN ANGEL.—(A Romance,)
ZULU LAND—with illustrations,
GENERAL ROBERT E. LEE,
NOTICES OF NEW BOOKS,
EDITOR'S TABLE.

Terms:—One copy, one year,	$ 3 00
Two copies "	5 00
Five copies, "	12 00
Ten copies, "	20 00
Twenty copies, one year, and one to getter up of the club.	40 00

A MAGNIFICENT PREMIUM.

We will send per express, carefully boxed, a *Grover & Baker Sewing Machine*, to any one who will send us, *on or before Feb. 1st*, 1866, THIRTY SUBSCRIBERS TO THE OLD GUARD, at $3.00 each. The regular manufacturer's price is $55. No such an opportunity to circulate a superior *Family Magazine*, and secure a first-class *Family Sewing Machine*, was ever offered.

We shall commence in the January number for 1866 a series of Steel Plate Portraits, with Sketches of the most distinguished Southern Generals, beginning with Gen. Robert E. Lee. Among those given will be Generals Stonewall Jackson J. E. Johnston, Beauregard, A. P. Hill, Price, Wade Hampton, etc., etc. These Portraits and Sketches alone will be worth the price of the Magazine.

Subscriptions may commence with any number. When no time is specified, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to begin with the January number, the first one of the volume, and back numbers will be sent accordingly.

The Magazine is always stopped when the term of subscription expires. It is not necessary to give notice of discontinuance.

AGENTS WANTED all over the United States to circulate *The Old Guard*. For terms, address publishers.

Single copies, 25 cts. Specimen copies sent *free* to all desiring to get up clubs

All letters should be addressed as follows:
VAN EVRIE, HORTON & CO.,
No. 162 Nassau St., New York.

All persons whose subscriptions expire with the December number, and who intend to renew for the next year, are particularly requested to do so at once, in order that their names may not be removed from the lists. This will insure promptness in the reception of the January number. In remitting please state the fact that the subscription is a renewal.

ON SATURDAY, JANUARY 6, 1866, Messrs. TICKNOR & FIELDS began the publication of a weekly journal entitled
EVERY SATURDAY:
A JOURNAL OF CHOICE READING,
SELECTED FROM FOREIGN CURRENT LITERATURE.

Much of the best literature of the day is found in the English and Continental magazines and periodicals; and it is the design of the Publishers of this new journal to reproduce the choicest selections from these for American readers, in a form at once attractive and inexpensive. The publishers believe that such a journal, conducted upon the plan which they propose, will be not only entertaining and instructive in itself, but interesting and valuable as a reflex of foreign periodical literature of the better class.

EVERY SATURDAY is intended for town and country, for the fireside, the seaside, the railway and the steamboat. Its plan embraces Incidents of Travel and Adventure, Essays Critical and Descriptive, Serial Tales, Short Stories, Poems, Biographies, Literary Intelligence, etc., in connection with judicious selections from the admirable popular papers on science which are constantly appearing in foreign periodicals. The value of these papers arises from the fact that scientific subjects, however harsh and dry in themselves, are here treated in so graphic and picturesque a style as to charm the reader while instructing him.

It will be, in short, the aim of its publishers that EVERY SATURDAY shall commend itself by its freshness and variety to all classes of intelligent and cultivated readers.

EVERY SATURDAY will contain each week thirty-two large octavo pages, handsomely printed in double columns, with an engraved title.

TERMS.

Single Numbers, 10 cents.
Subscription price $5.00 per year, in advance.

MONTHLY PARTS will be issued, containing 128 pages each, handsomely bound in an attractive cover, price 50 cents. Subscription price, $5.00 per year, in advance.

CLUBBING ARRANGEMENT.—Subscribers to any of the other periodicals published by TICKNOR AND FIELDS will receive EVERY SATURDAY for $4.00 per year in advance.

TICKNOR & FIELDS, Publishers,
124 *Tremont Street, Boston.*

NOTICE TO THE PRESS.—EVERY SATURDAY will be furnished to the press, for clubbing, at $3.50 per year; and any paper copying this prospectus, with editorial notices, will be entitled to an exchange.

Boots, Shoes and Varieties.

THE GREAT
VARIETY STORE!
ANDERSON'S ROW.
H. F. IRVINE,
REGULATOR OF PRICES IN BEDFORD.

Having purchased the establishment of Joseph Alsip, Jr., and added a fresh supply of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

I am determined to sell as cheap as the cheapest. Call and see my fine assortment of

QUEENSWARE, GLASSWARE, &c.

Also, my large stock of
HOSIERY,
GLOVES,
NECK-TIES,
COLLARS, &c.

Also, my articles in the Stationery line, such as
Pencils, Steel-Pens, Penholders, &c.

Also, my VARIETIES, such as
Spices of all kinds,
Table Salt, Essence of Coffee, Hambleton's Hair Stain, etc. In the BOOT and SHOE line, I keep every thing calculated for man, woman or child; BOOTS of all kinds; SHOES of every description; GAITERS of all styles in the market.

CALL AND SEE MY GOODS,
and examine for yourselves!

No trouble to show goods. My prices will suit the times and the pockets of purchasers.

N. B. Orders from country merchants promptly filled at small advance upon city prices.

☞ I am also agent for the New England Family Sewing Machine, which should be in every family. An entire machine for the little sum of $20.00. Call and hand in your orders soon.
Oct. 20, '65. H. F. IRVINE.

ANOTHER ARRIVAL.—The subscriber would most respectfully inform the ladies and gentlemen of Bedford and vicinity, that he has again just returned from Philadelphia, with a well selected assortment of Ladies', Gentlemen's, Misses and Children's
Boots,
Shoes,
Gaiters,
and Balmorals,
of various descriptions, to which he respectfully invites their attention.

FOR GENTLEMEN, BOYS AND YOUTHS, he has every thing in their line, together with a stock of Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, consisting of collars (all styles), scarfs, scarf-pins, neck-ties, butterflies, suspenders, handkerchiefs, &c., &c.

Also, the best brands TOBACCO AND CIGARS, all of which will be sold at a very small advance TO CASH AND SHORT-TIME BUYERS.

As heretofore stated, we do not boast that ours is the *largest, cheapest, and best* assortment of Boots and Shoes ever brought to Bedford, but we have bought according to our means, feeling assured that the best and decidedly the *most lasting* advertisement, is a trial of the goods. But whilst there may be *larger*, we feel confident that there is none *better*.

Having been in the shoe business all our life, we feel satisfied that we fully understand our business, and have purchased our goods accordingly. We have on hand a nice stock of plain and fine
STATIONERY,
to which we invite attention.

Repairing done with neatness and despatch, and all rips of our own goods sewed free of charge.

☞ Please remember! *All rips sewed or pegged free of charge.*

TO THE LADIES.

We take pleasure in saying that we have an excellent stock of J. L. RITTER'S PHILADELPHIA MADE SHOES AND GAITERS, which we will guarantee to wear as *LONG* as any other make; and neatly repaired when necessary. We still have a separate apartment for their accommodation, have a lady to wait upon them, and will be most happy to have them give us a call.

☞ Don't forget the place, *Shaffer's Building, Juliana Street*, a few doors South of the Washington Hotel. J. HENRY HUTTON.
October 20, '65.

1866. MAKE UP YOUR CLUBS.
THE NEW YORK NEWS,
The only Recognized Democratic Newspaper published in New York,
DAILY, SEMI-WEEKLY, AND WEEKLY.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE NEW YORK NEWS has battled against despotism for four years of blood and terror in assertion of the sanctity of the Constitution. A patriotism sufficiently broad to embrace both sections has been its only guide, and it refers now with honest pride to its record to show that it has not turned to the right or the left under all the violence of arbitrary power.

True to its principles as THE NEWS has been through the reign of terror, it challenges public confidence in its honesty and independence for the future.

The political transition of the present day opens to THE NEWS a new and wider field of usefulness. Standing now as it always has, on the inviolability of the Constitution, according to the interpretation of the strict constructionists, it presents a rallying ground for all, in both sections, who are friends of a generous conservatism. As a true and tried exponent of sectional amity it occupies a position which makes it the fitting mediator in holding up to the party of order in both sections, interests and principles that gave breadth and vitality to their alliance. As an intersectional agent, devoted to freedom of election, to trial by jury, to the sanctity of the habeas corpus, and opposed now, as for four years of terror it has been, to the centralization that dares to trample on the rights of States, North or South, THE NEWS places itself as a candidate for support before the great body of this once free people.

The circumstances of the moment make the dissemination of the principles of THE NEWS a duty of individual patriotism. Every man who concurs in its doctrines must if he entertain a true sense of freedom, do so in no spirit of indifference, but rather with the earnestness of a high trust. Justified, nay bound in his love of liberty to do so, the proprietor places the canvass he makes here of the public generally in the hands of those men who give him the approval of their consciences as his individual agents. Every reader of the THE NEWS cannot avoid the conviction of duty which is here pointed out as the ground of the request, that he urges his claims for a wider support upon all of his friends and neighbors who give their earnest sympathies to the cause of "strict construction," intersectional conciliation, and all the rights of the citizen under the system set up by our fathers of liberty regulated by law. The proprietor of THE NEWS calls, therefore, upon true and good conservatives throughout the country to discharge, to their convictions of political right at this great crisi in the country's fortunes, the duty of giving to the influence of his paper, daily, semi-weekly, or weekly, the wider power for good which it seeks here through the service of its individual supporters.

Send the names of all Friends of CONSTITUTIONAL LIBERTY, and we will send taem Specimen copies FREE.

TERMS.

New York Daily News, to Mail Subscribers per annum.	$10.00
New York Daily News, to Mail Subscribers for six months.	5.00

SEMI-WEEKLY.

Published every Tuesday and Friday.	
One copy one year,	$ 4.00
Three copies one year,	10.00
Five copies one year,	15.00
Ten copies one year,	30.00
Twenty copies one year,	55.00
To Clergymen one year,	3.00

And an EXTRA copy to any club of TEN.

WEEKLY,

Published every Wednesday.	
One copy, one year,	$ 2.00
Three copies one year,	5.00
Five copies one year,	8.75
Ten copies one year,	17.00
Twenty copies one year,	30.00
To Clergymen,	1.50

And an EXTRA copy to any club of TEN.

Any person sending a club of Fifty for the Semi-weekly or Weekly News will be entitled to the *Daily News Free for one year*. The name of the Post-Office and State should in all cases be plainly written. To insure safety in remittances, money orders are preferable. Address
BENJAMIN WOOD,
New York News Building,
19 *City Hall Square, New York.*
March 2, '65

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.—B. M. GREENE has opened his Music Store, one door west of W. Lewis' Book Store, where he keeps constantly on hand STEINWAY & SONS' and RAVEN & BACON'S, AND OTHERS' PIANOS, MASON & HAMLIN'S CABINET ORGANS and CARHART, NEEDHAM & CO'S' MELODEONS; Guitars, Violins, Fifes, Flutes; Guitar and Violin Strings.

MUSIC BOOKS—Golden Chain, Golden Shower, Golden Censor, Golden Trio, &c., &c.

SHEET MUSIC—He is constantly receiving from Philadelphia all the latest music, which persons at a distance wishing, can order, and have them sent by mail, at publisher's prices.

☞ Pianos and Organs warranted for *five years*. Those wishing to buy any of the above articles are invited to call and examine mine before purchasing elsewhere. My prices are the same as in New York and Philadelphia.

Circulars of insruments sent promptly upon application with any additional information desired.
B. M. GREENE,
Hill street, Huntingdon, Pa.,
in Brown's new Hardware Building.
Dr. C. N. Hickok, Agent, Bedford, P.
Dec. 1, '65—1y

Job Printing.

THE BEDFORD GAZETTE

POWER PRESS

PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT,

BEDFORD, PA.

MEYERS & MENGEL

PROPRIETORS.

Having recently made additional improvements to our office, we are prepared to execute all orders for

PLAIN AND FANCY

JOB PRINTING,

With dispatch and in the most

SUPERIOR STYLE.

CIRCULARS,
LETTER HEADS,
BILL HEADS,
CHECKS,
CERTIFICATES,
BLANKS.
DEEDS,
REGISTERS,
RECEIPTS,
CARDS,
HEADINGS,
ENVELOPES,
SHOWBILLS,
HANDBILLS,
INVITATIONS,
LABELS, &c. &c.

Our facilities for printing

POSTERS, PROGRAMMES, &c.,

FOR

CONCERTS AND EXHIBITIONS,

ARE UNSURPASSED.

"PUBLIC SALE" BILLS

Printed at short notice.

We can insure complete satisfaction as to time and price.

All Work Executed Promptly.

Medical.

HELMBOLD'S
EXTRACT BUCHU.

HELMBOLD'S BUCHU
HELMBOLD'S BUCHU.
HELMBOLD'S BUCHU.

The only known remedy for

DIABETES,

IRRITATION OF THE NECK OF THE BLADDER, INFLAMMATION OF THE KIDNEYS, CATARRH OF THE BLADDER, STRANGURY OR PAINFUL URINATING.

For these diseases it is truly a sovereign remedy, and too much cannot be said in its praise. A single dose has been known to relieve the most urgent symptoms.

Are you troubled with that distressing pain in the small of the back and through the hips? A teaspoonful a day of Helmbold's Buchu will relieve you.

PHYSICIANS AND OTHERS

PLEASE NOTICE.

I make no secret of ingredients. Helmbold's Extract Buchu is composed of Buchu, Cubebs, and Juniper Berries, selected with great care, prepared in *vacuo* and according to rules of

PHARMACY AND CHEMISTRY,

These ingredients are known as the most valuable Diuretics afforded.

A DIURETIC

Is that which acts upon the kidneys.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
ACTS GENTLY,

Is pleasant in taste and odor, free from all injurious properties, and immediate in its action.

FOR THE SATISFACTION OF ALL,

See Medical Properties contained in Dispensatory of the U. S., of which the following is a correct copy:

"BUCHU.—Its odor is strong, diffusive, and somewhat aromatic, its taste bitterish, and analogous to that of mint. It is given chiefly in complaints of the Urinary Organs, such as Gravel, chronic Catarrh of the Bladder, Morbid irritation of the Bladder and Urethra, Diseases of the Prostrate, and Retention or the Incontinence of Urine, from a loss of tone in the parts concerned in its evacuation. It has also been recommended in Dyspepsia, Chronic Rheumatism, Cutaneous Affections, and Dropsy."

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION,

See Prefessor Dewees' valuable works on the Practice of Physic.

See Remarks made by the celebrated Dr. Physic, of Philadelphia.

See any and all Standard Work on Medicine.

FROM THE
LARGEST
MANUFACTURING CHEMIST
IN THE WORLD.

I am acquainted with H. T. Helmbold; he occupied the drug store opposite my residence, and was successful in conducting the business where others had not been equally so before him. I have been favorably impressed with his character and enterprise.

WM. WEIGHTMAN,
(Firm of Powers & Weightman,)
Manufacturing Chemists,
Ninth and Brown Streets, Philadelphia.

[*From the Philad'a Evening Bulletin, Mar.* 10.]

We are gratified to hear of the continued success, in New York, of our townsman, Mr. H. T. Helmbold, Druggist. His store, next to the Metropolitan Hotel, is 28 feet front, 230 feet deep, and five stories in height. It is certainly a grand establishment, and speaks favorably of the merit of his articles. He retains his Office and Laboratory in this city, which are also model establishments of their class.

The proprietor has been induced to make this statement from the fact that his remedies, although advertised, are

GENUINE PREPARATIONS,

And, knowing that the intelligent refrain from using any thing pertaining to Quackery, or the Patent Medicine order—most of which are prepared by self-styled Doctors, who are too ignorant to read a physician's simplest prescription, much less competent to prepare pharmaceutical preparations.

THESE PARTIES RESORT

to various means of effecting sales, such as copying parts of advertisements of popular remedies, and finishing with certificates.

The Science of Medicine stands SIMPLE, PURE, and MAJESTIC,—having Fact for its Basis, Induction for its Pillar, Truth alone for its Capital.

A WORD OF CAUTION.

Health is most important; and the afflicted should not use an advertised remedy, unless its contents or ingredients are known to others besides the manufacturer, or until they are satisfied of the qualifications of the party so offering.

HELMBOLD'S
Genuine Preparations.

FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,
FLUID EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA,
AND IMPROVED ROSE WATER.
Established upwards of 16 years.

Prepared by H. T. HELMBOLD.

PRINCIPAL DEPOTS.

HELMBOLD'S Drug and Chemical Warehouse
594 *Broadway, New York;*

And HELMBOLD'S Medical Depot, 104 *South Tenth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.*

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
Oct. 20,'65.-1y.

Medical.

SHRINERS BALSAMIC COUGH SYRUP.
For Coughs, Colds, Croup, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis, Spitting Blood, Pain and Weakness of the Breast, Difficulty of Breathing, &c.

This is no new remedy. It has been used for a number of years in Maryland and parts of Pennsylvania, and has, wherever known, acquired an unprecedented reputation for curing the various diseases for which it is recommended.

So apparent is its usefulness, and so remarkable has been its cures, that it is fast superceding every other remedy for those diseases. The afflicted can rely upon its doing as much for them, and in many cases more than any other remedy now before the public.

It is recommended and prescribed in the practice of a large number of the most intelligent and able physicians of Maryland. It is used and considered an indispensable household remedy by a large portion of the first families of the State.

It is used by all classes of society, and the universal opinion is that it is good. *This Syrup is Purely V